



Centre for  
Research  
Training



# Improving ECOCLIMAP Physiography Map using Machine Learning Techniques and Satellite Image data

Eoin Walsh, Geoffrey Bessardon and Emily Gleeson

Thursday, October 1st 2020

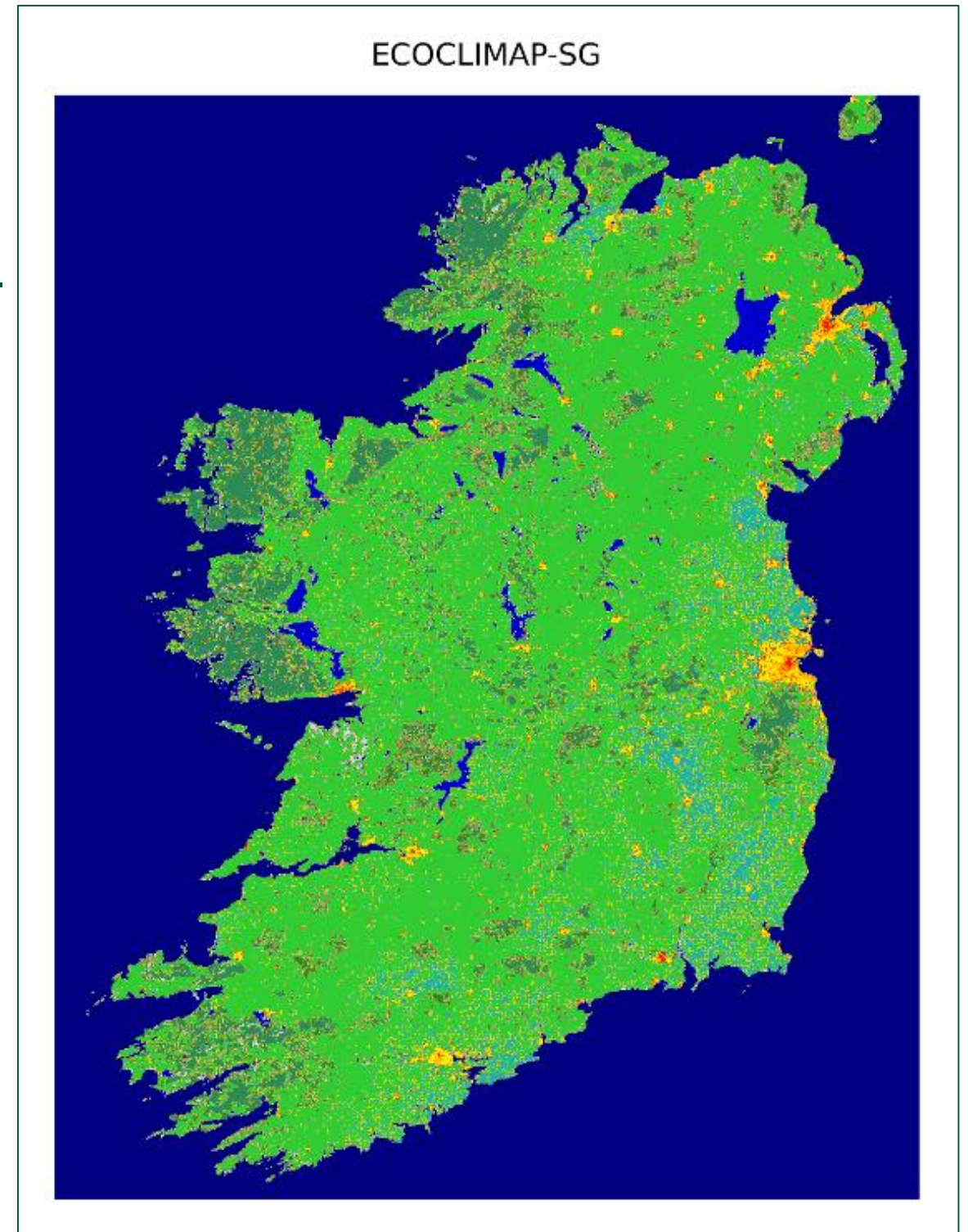


UNIVERSITY OF  
**LIMERICK**  
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Bernal  
Institute

# Project Motivation

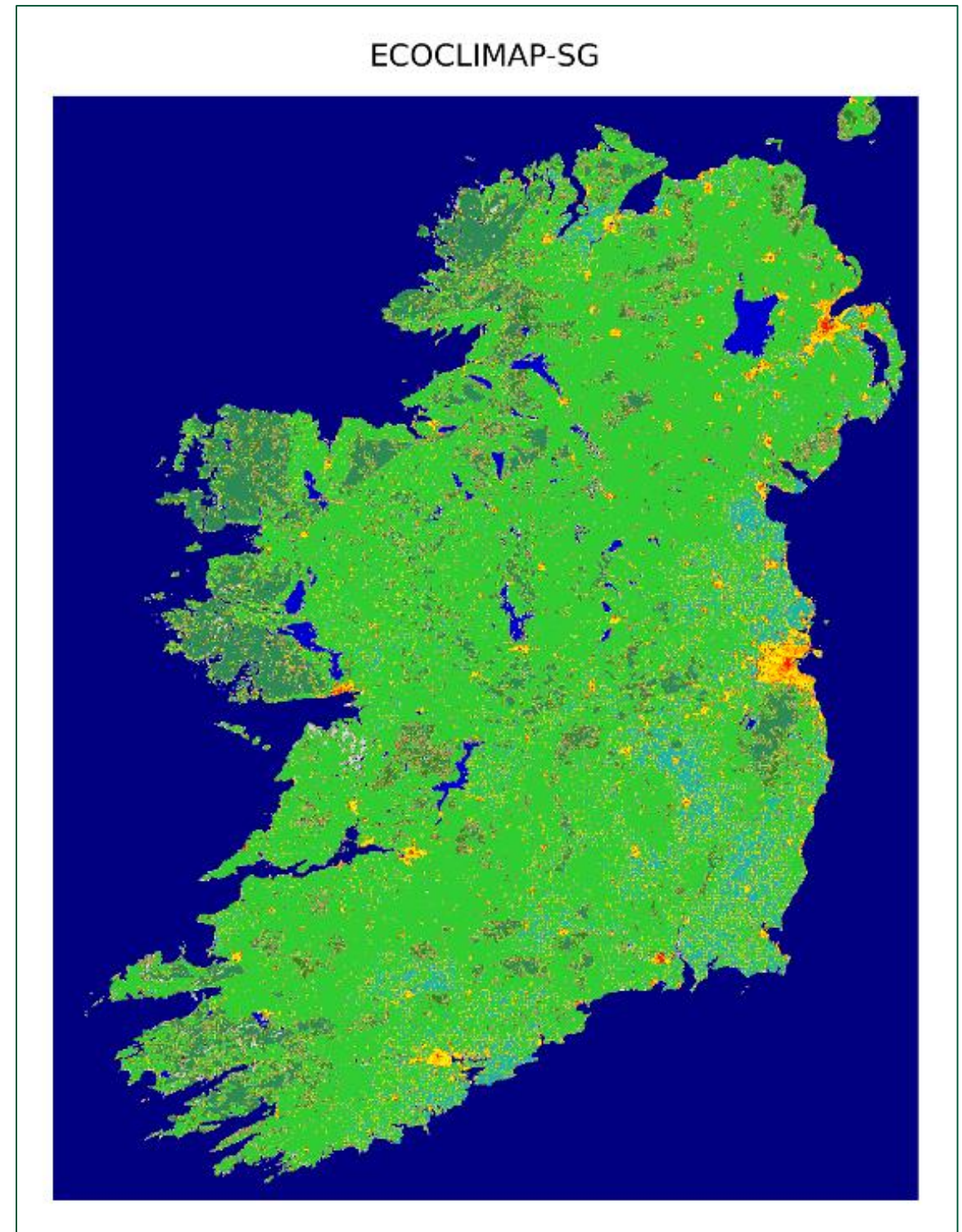
- HARMONIE-AROME requires physiographic input – ECOCLIMAP (Météo-France).
- ECOCLIMAP can be improved– Icelandic Meteorological Office.
- Need for a universal mode of improvement.
- Need for method that can offer improved resolution.





# Project Motivation

1. Accuracy.
2. Resolution.
3. Universality.



# Project Goals:

- Can ground-based image data and/or Satellite data be used:
  1. To increase the accuracy.
  2. To improve the resolution.
  3. For universal improvement.

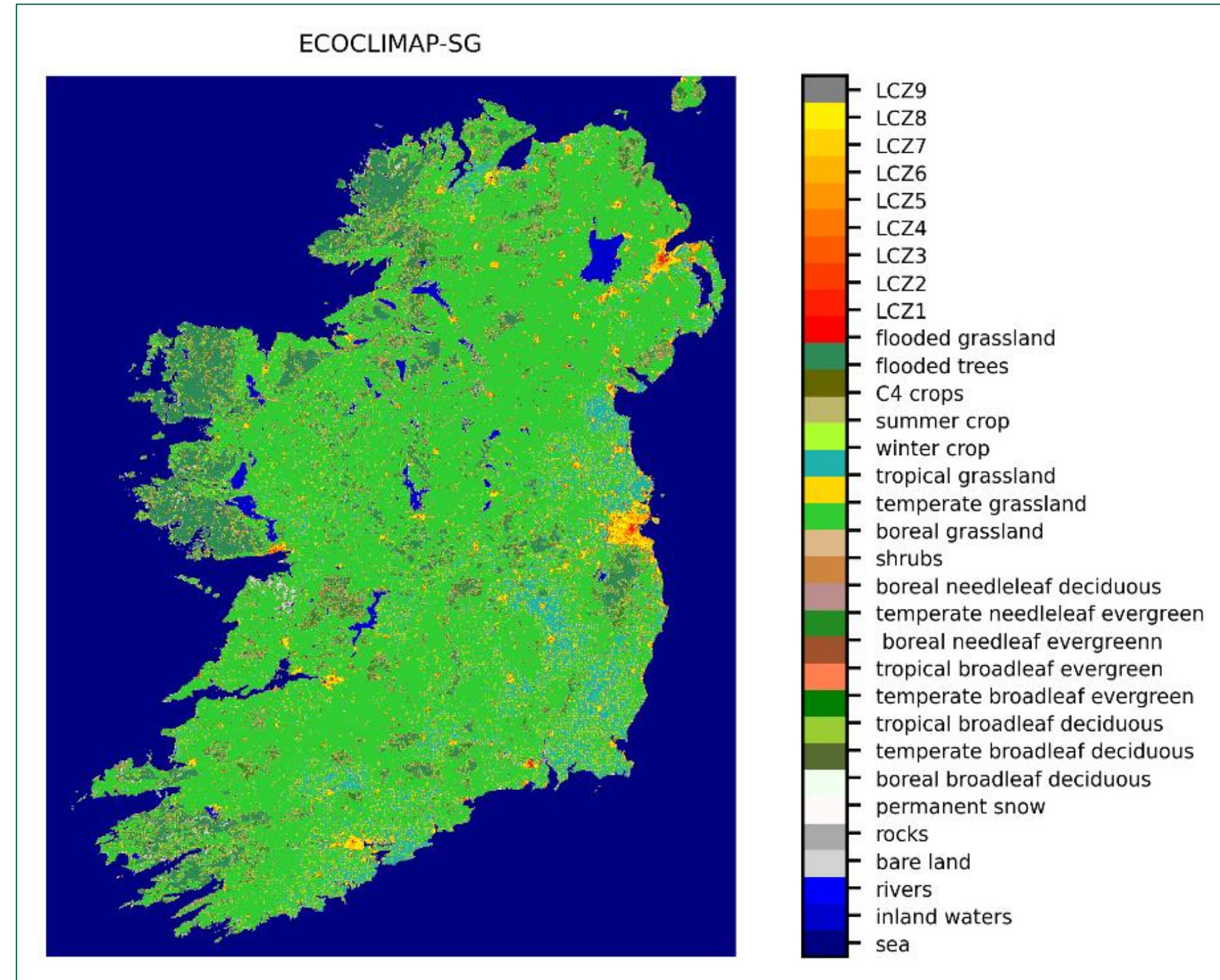
## Resources:

- Google Streetview API.
- CORINE Land Cover Map. (European Environmental Agency)
- Copernicus Open Access Hub for Sentinel-2 Data. (European Space Agency)



# ECOCLIMAP-SG

- Global Landcover database, 1km resolution for 1<sup>st</sup> generation.
- ECOCLIMAP-SG has resolution of 300m.
- 33 landcover types in SG, 23 of which are present in Ireland.



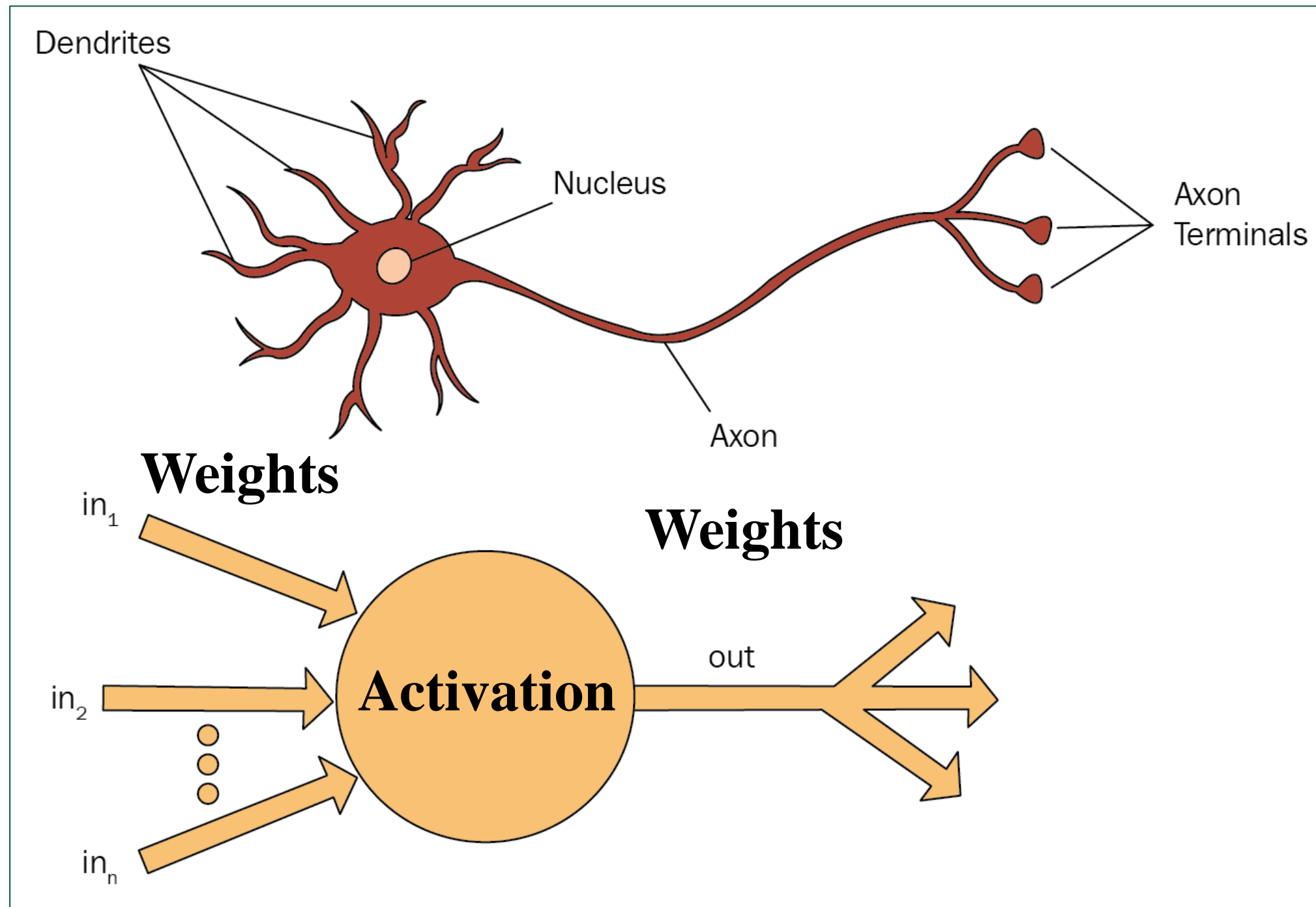
ECOCLIMAP-SG webpage:  
<https://opensource.umr-cnrm.fr/projects/ecoclimap-sg/>

# Machine Learning

*'Machine Learning is the study of computer algorithms that improve automatically through experience'*

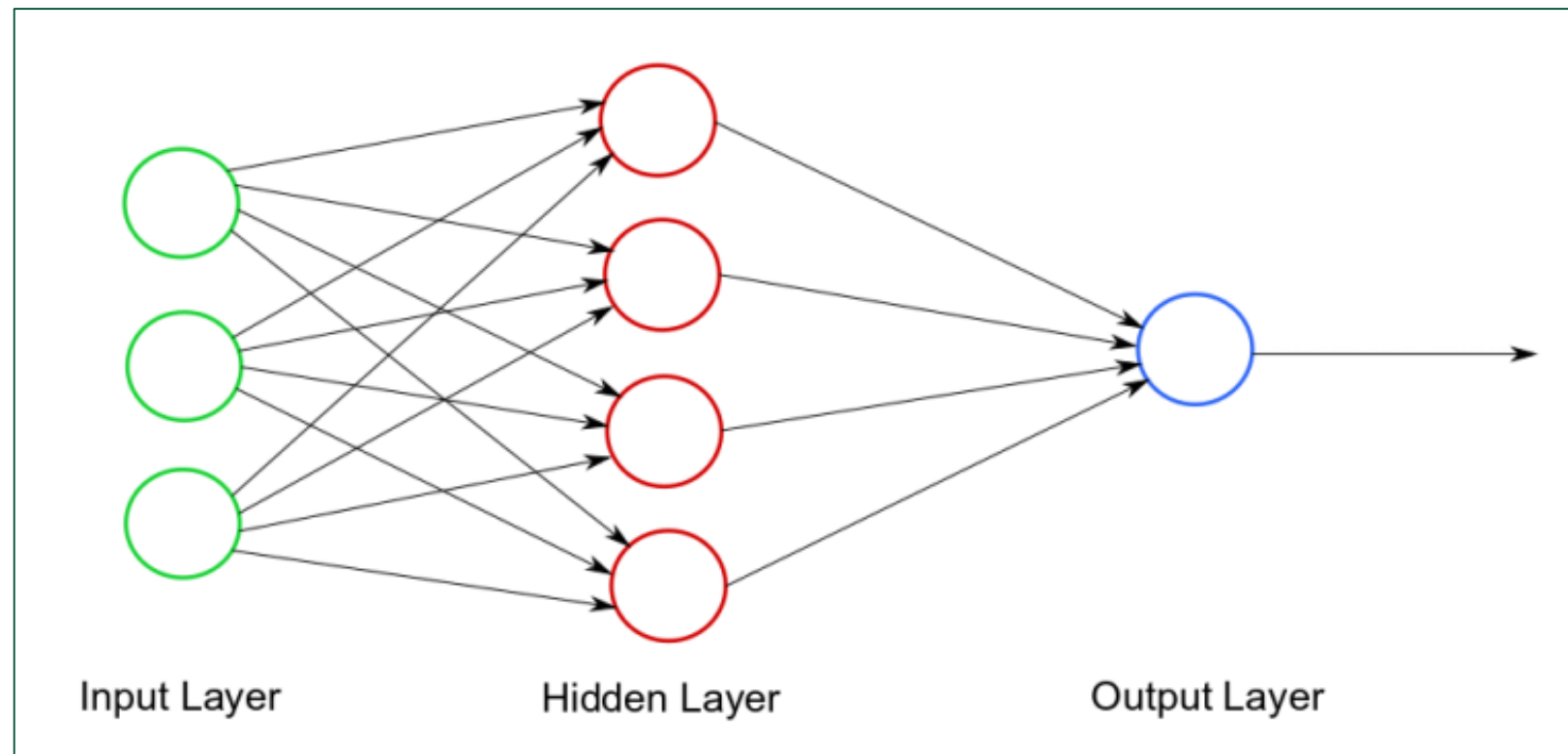
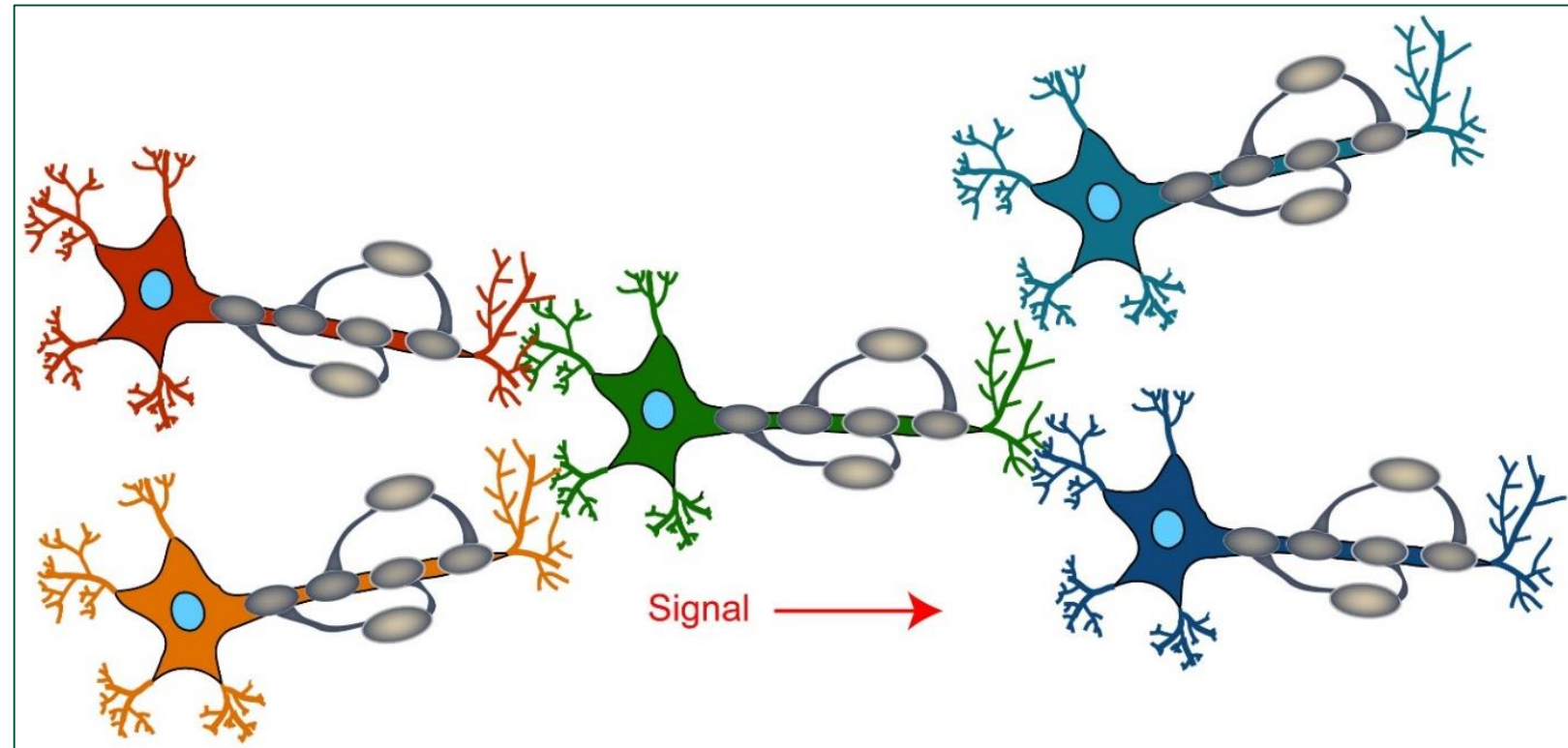
- Tom Mitchell, Machine Learning (1997).

# Neural Networks





# Neural Networks





# Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs)

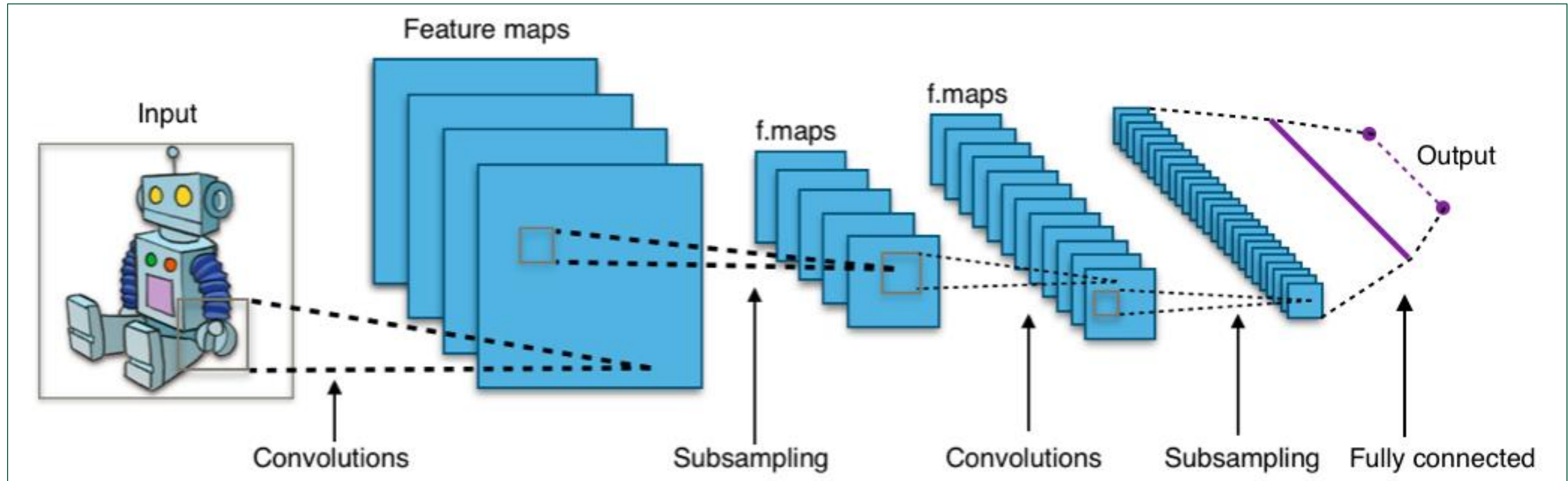


Image Source: <https://medium.com/@himadrisankarchatterjee/a-basic-introduction-to-convolutional-neural-network-8e39019b27c4>



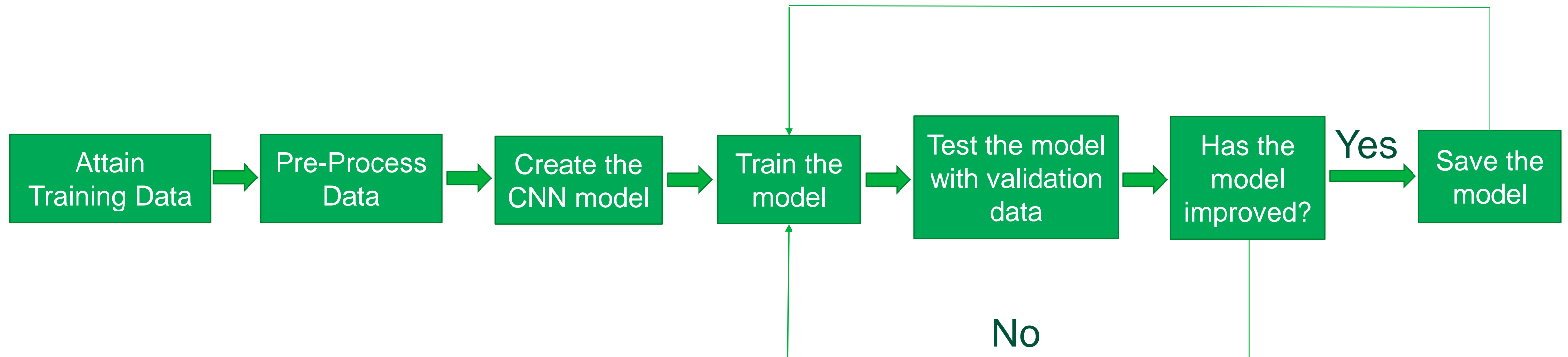
# CNN for Image Classification





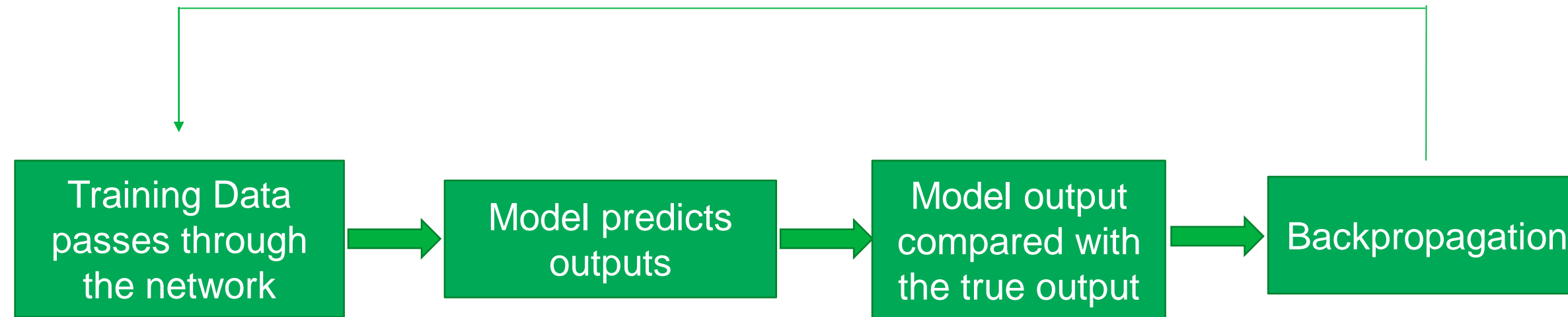
# The process of a machine learning

- Training Data – input data and corresponding correct output.
- Validation Data – Unseen Data to test the trained model.
- Epoch – One iteration of all of the training + validation data through the model.



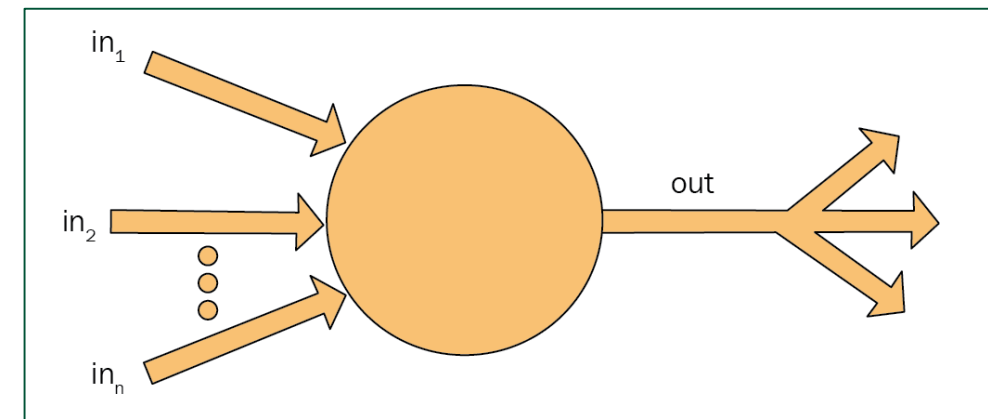


# How does a model 'learn'?

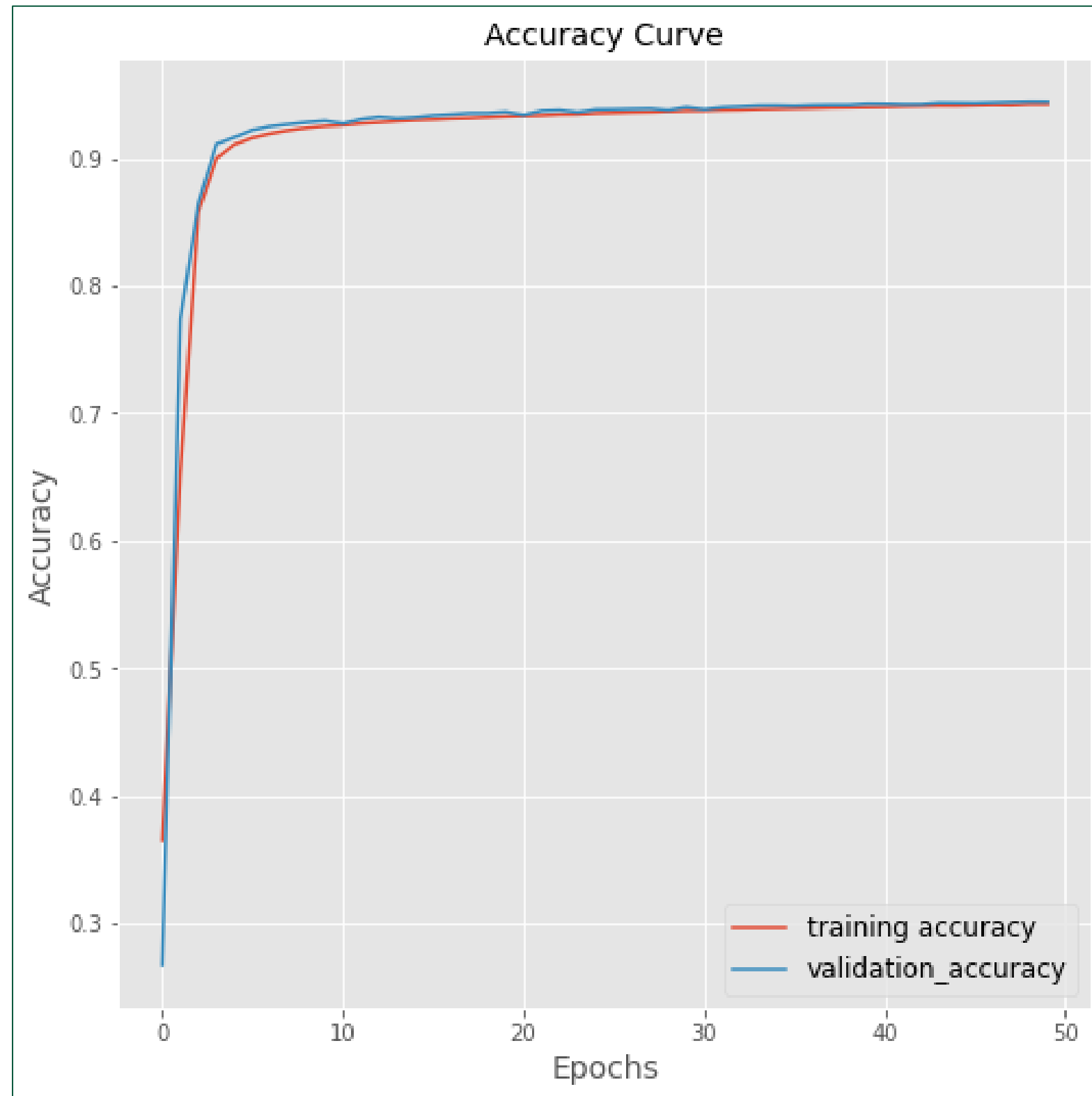


- **Backpropagation:**

- The activations and weights of the network get adjusted appropriately, so as to reduce the error value.



# How does a model 'learn'?



# CNN for Image Segmentation

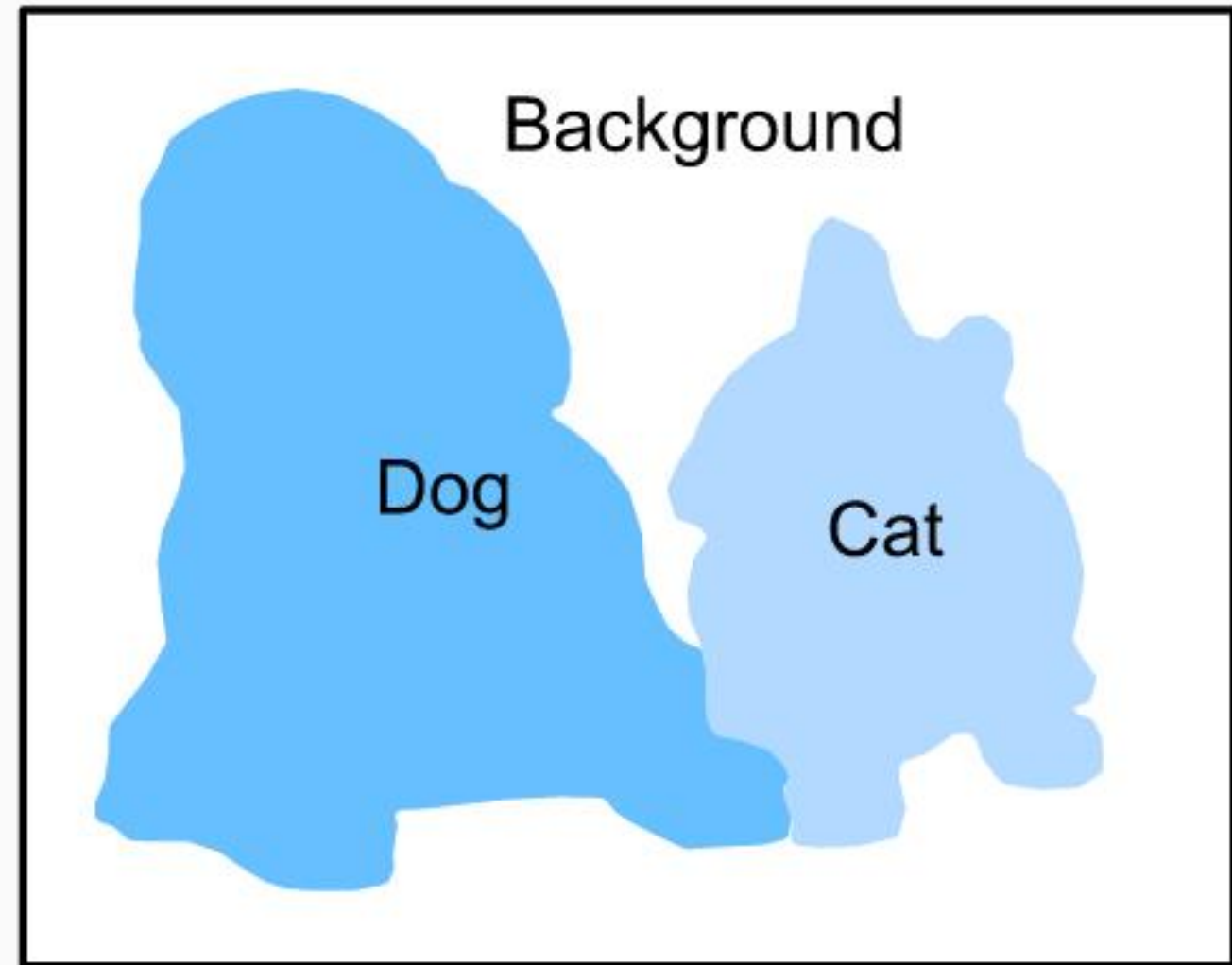


Image Source: [https://d2l.ai/chapter\\_computer-vision/semantic-segmentation-and-dataset.html](https://d2l.ai/chapter_computer-vision/semantic-segmentation-and-dataset.html)



# Transfer Learning 1

- A model trained for one task is re-purposed for use on a second related task.
- Re-purposing a CNN Classifier.



# Transfer Learning 2

- A model trained for one task is re-purposed for use on a second related task.
- Re-purposing CNN Classifier as a segmentation model.



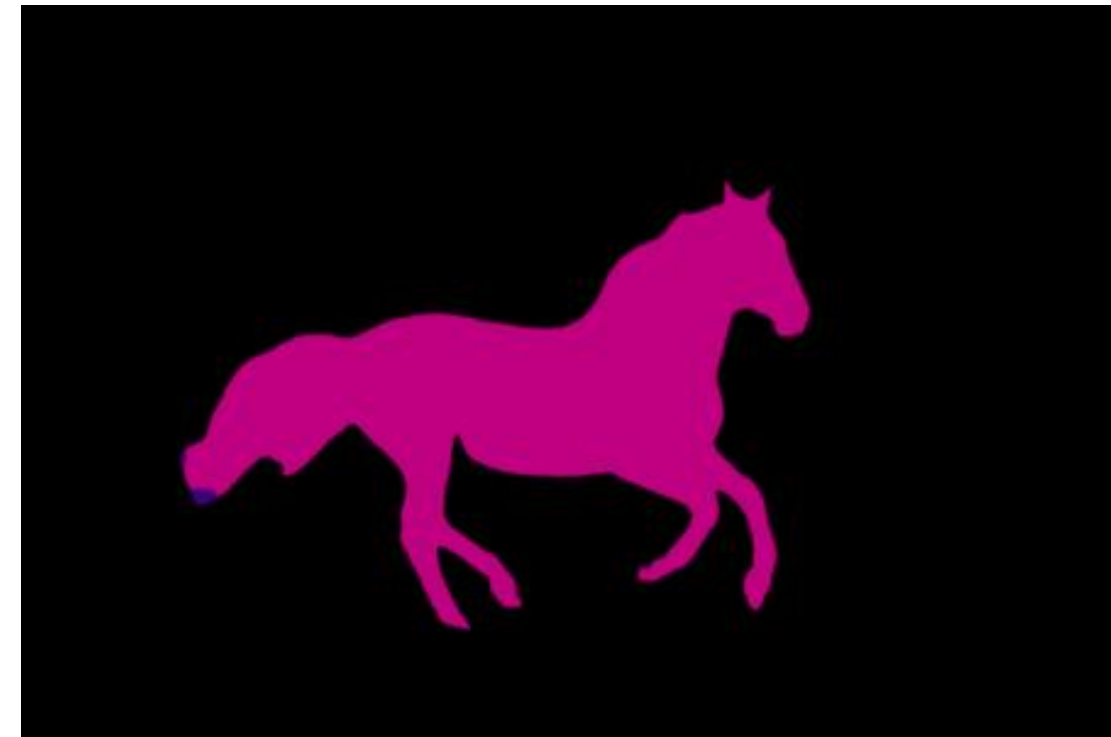
Horse

Images Source: <https://www.learnopencv.com/pytorch-for-beginners-semantic-segmentation-using-torchvision/>



# Transfer Learning 2

- A model trained for one task is re-purposed for use on a second related task.
- Re-purposing CNN Classifier as a segmentation model.



Images Source: <https://www.learnopencv.com/pytorch-for-beginners-semantic-segmentation-using-torchvision/>



# 12 Week Synopsis

- First 4 weeks:

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# 12 Week Synopsis



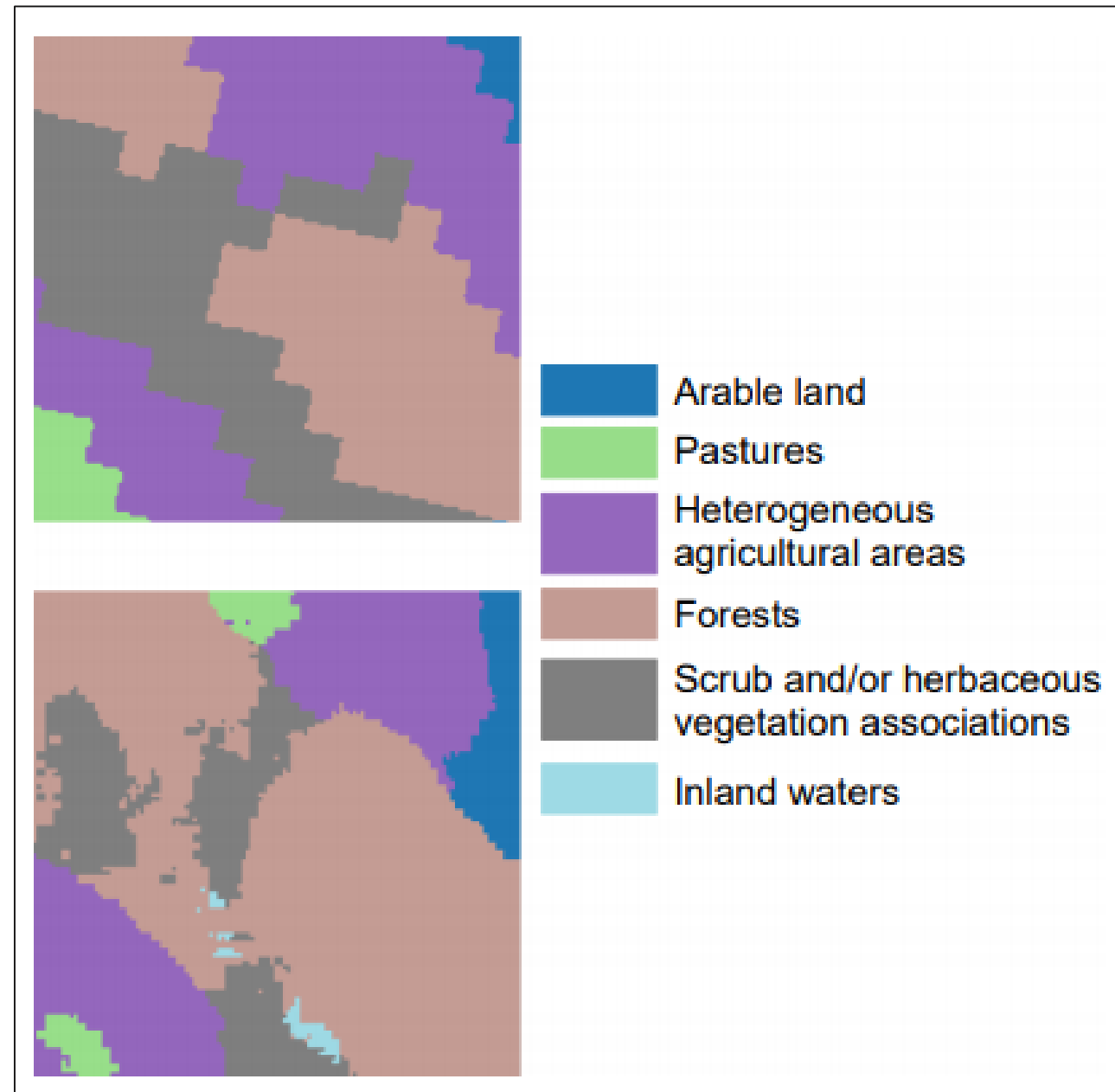


# 12 week Synopsis

- Remaining 8 weeks:

- Investigation using Satellite Imagery.
- Sentinel-2 Images plus Corine Landcover Images.
- 2 Segmentation algorithms.
  - 5 label algorithm.
  - 15 label algorithm.

# Improving CORINE Land Cover map in Estonia



The segmentation model shows a high 91.4% pixel-level accuracy on the first classification level with 75.8% and 59.7% on the second and third levels (Table 3). An example of segmentation model results and comparison to validation data can be seen on Figures 3 and 4.

Source:

Ulmas, Priit; Liiv, Innar; “Segmentation of Satellite Imagery using U-Net Models for Land Cover Classification”, March 2020.



# Datasets Used

- BigEarthNet
  - ~ 600,000 sentinel segments ( $1.2km^2$  each), appended with cover labels.

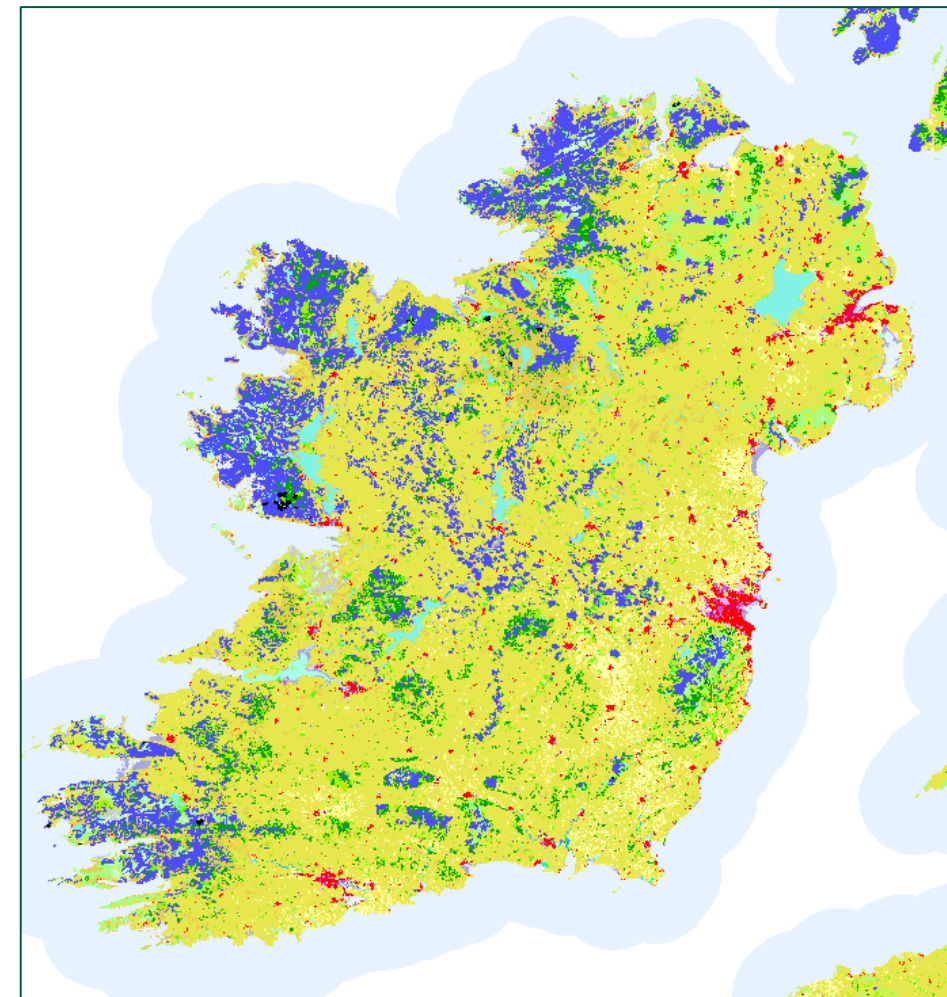
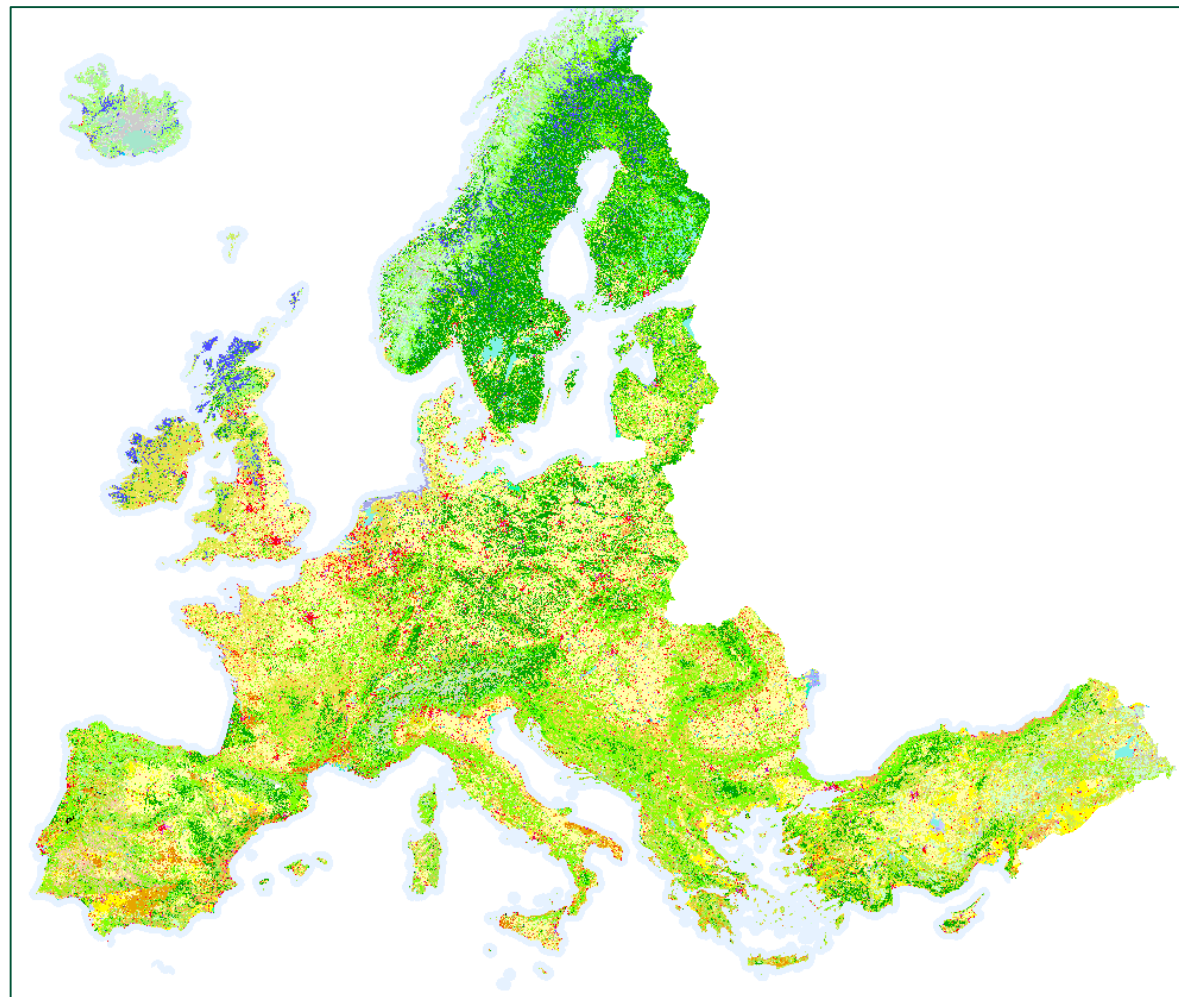


Website: [bigearth.net](http://bigearth.net)



# Datasets Used

- Corine Land Cover Map.
  - Split into Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Labels (5, 15 and 44 labels).
  - 100 metre resolution

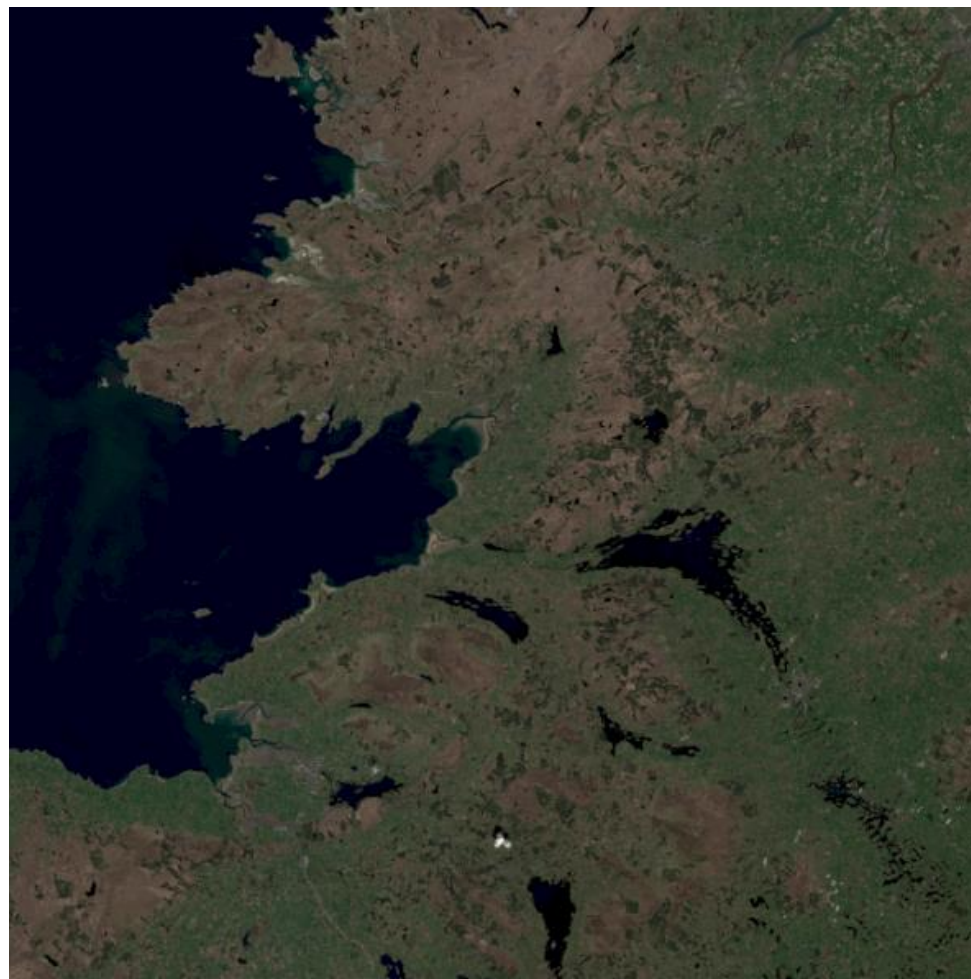


Website: <https://land.copernicus.eu/pan-european/corine-land-cover>



# Datasets Used

- Sentinel-2 Satellite Images.
  - Obtained from Copernicus Open Access Hub.
  - 10 metre resolution.



Donegal



Dublin

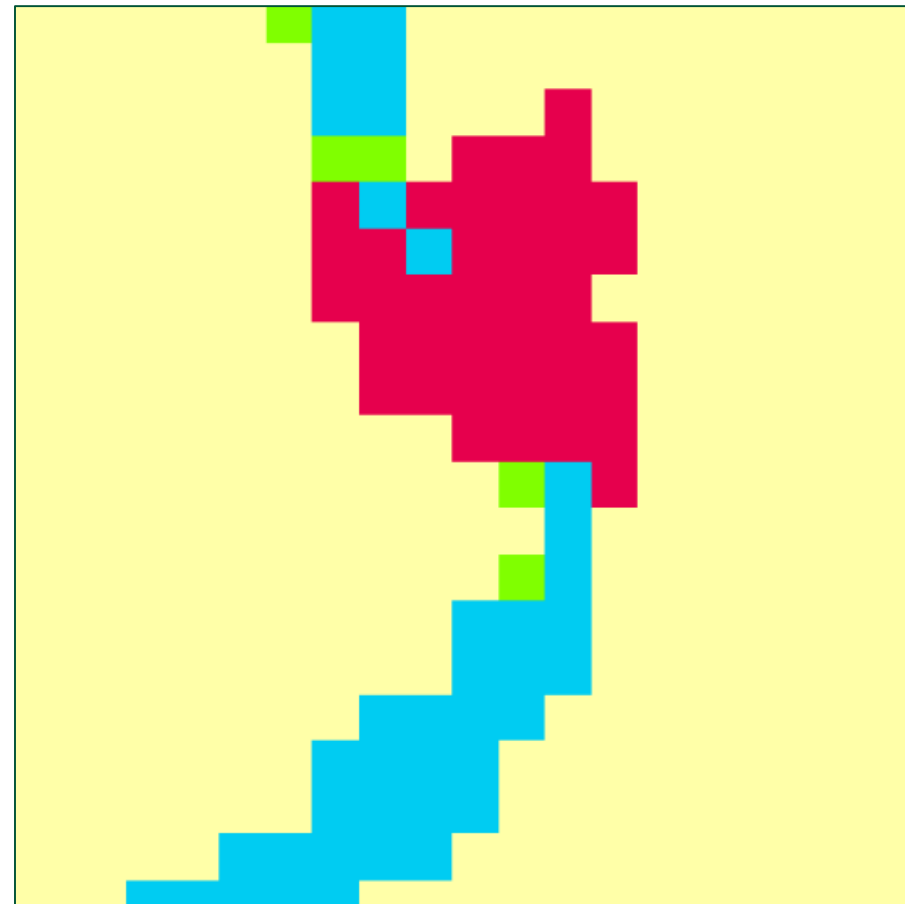
Website: <https://scihub.copernicus.eu/dhus/#/home>

# Why use Corine as training output?

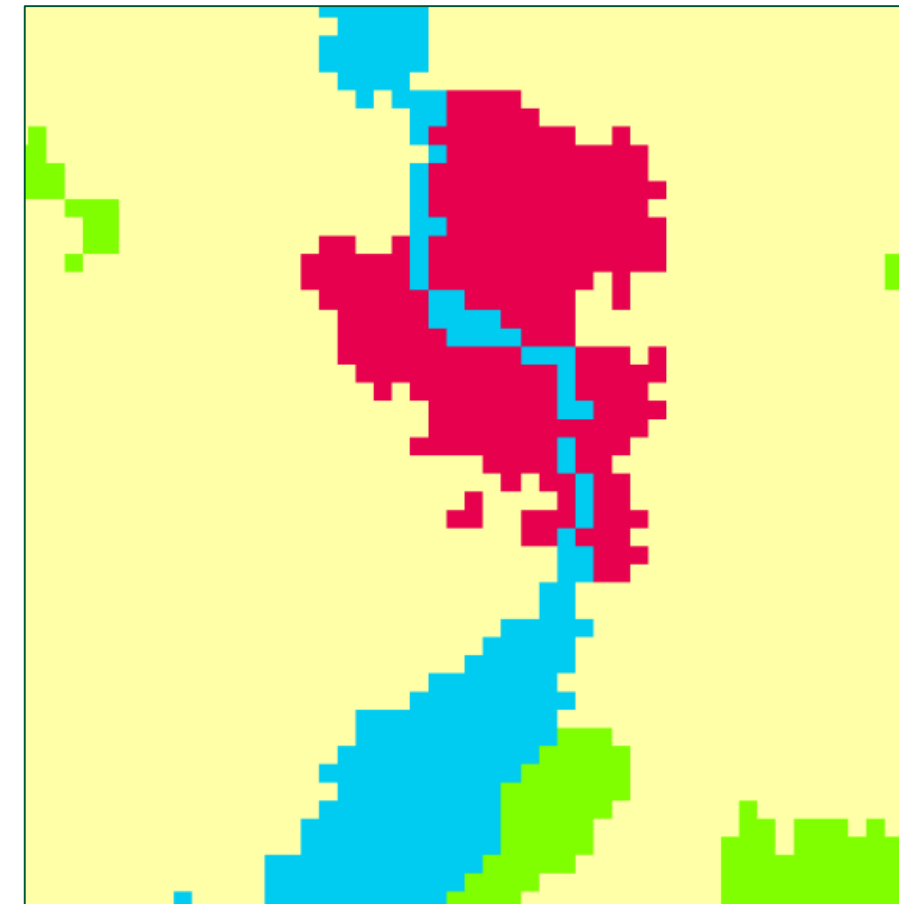
- Corine (100m) has a better resolution than ECOCLIMAP-SG (300m)
- Corine considered to be 85% accurate. [1]



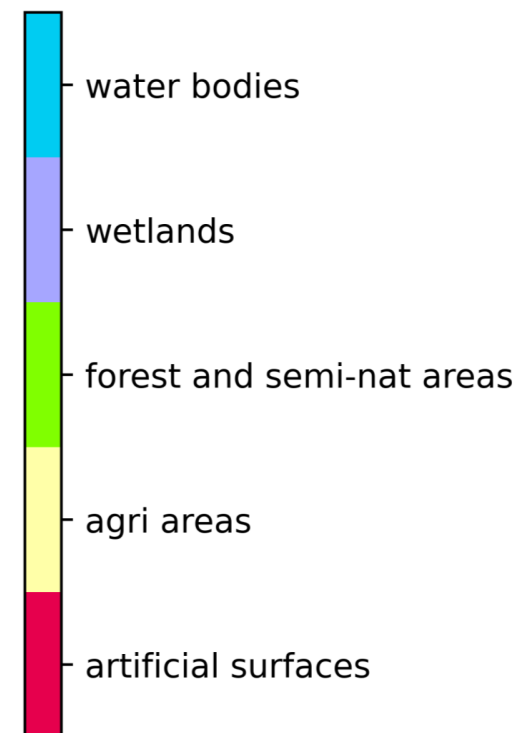
Sentinel-2



ECOCLIMAP-SG



CORINE



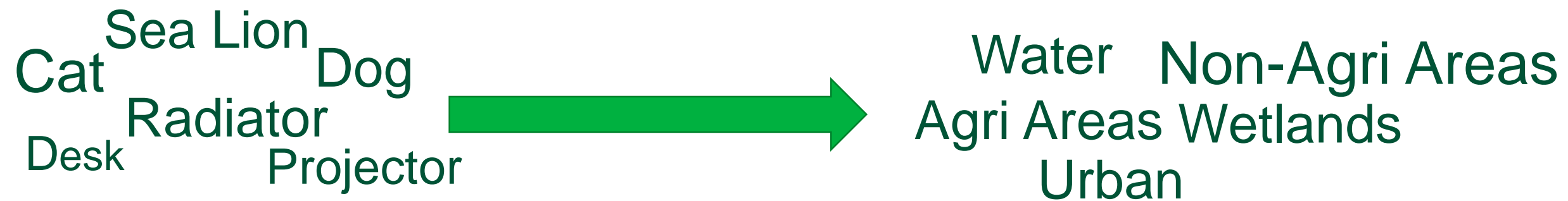
[1] CORINE LAND COVER 2012 FINAL VALIDATION REPORT

Link: <https://land.copernicus.eu/user-corner/technical-library/clc-2012-validation-report-1>



# The Model

- 'Resnet-50', pre-trained on the ImageNet dataset.
- Transfer Learning..



# The Model

- Classifier Model re-purposed as a segmentation algorithm.

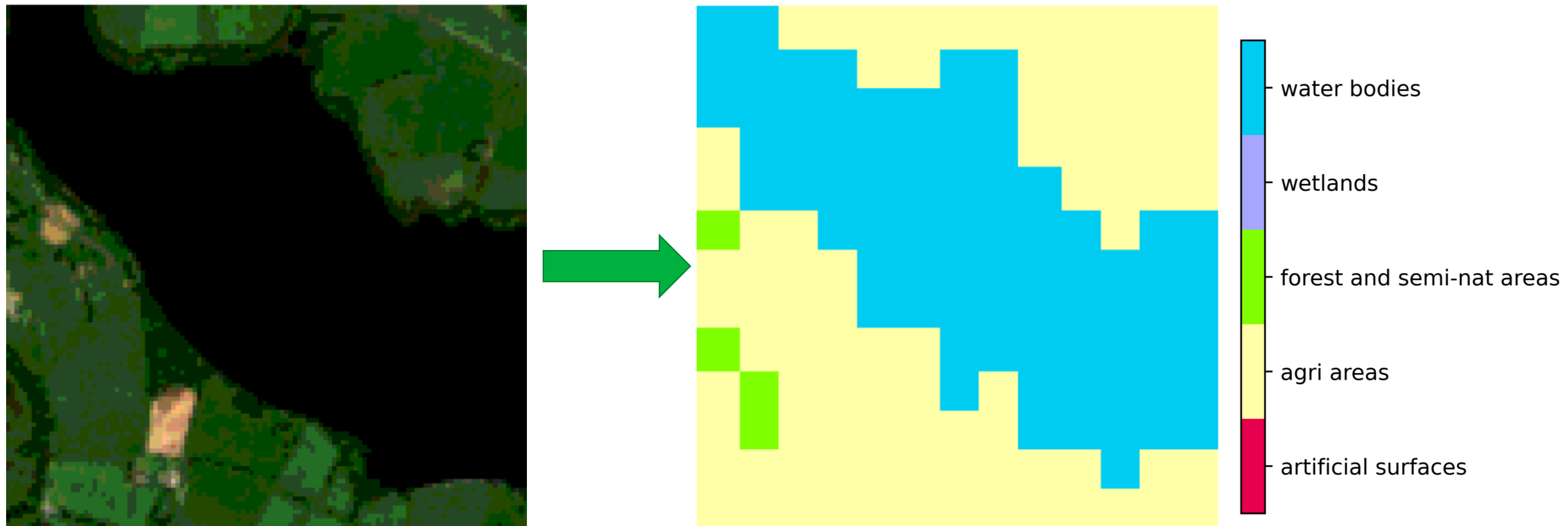


waters, agri-areas.



# The Model

- Classifier Model re-purposed as a segmentation algorithm.

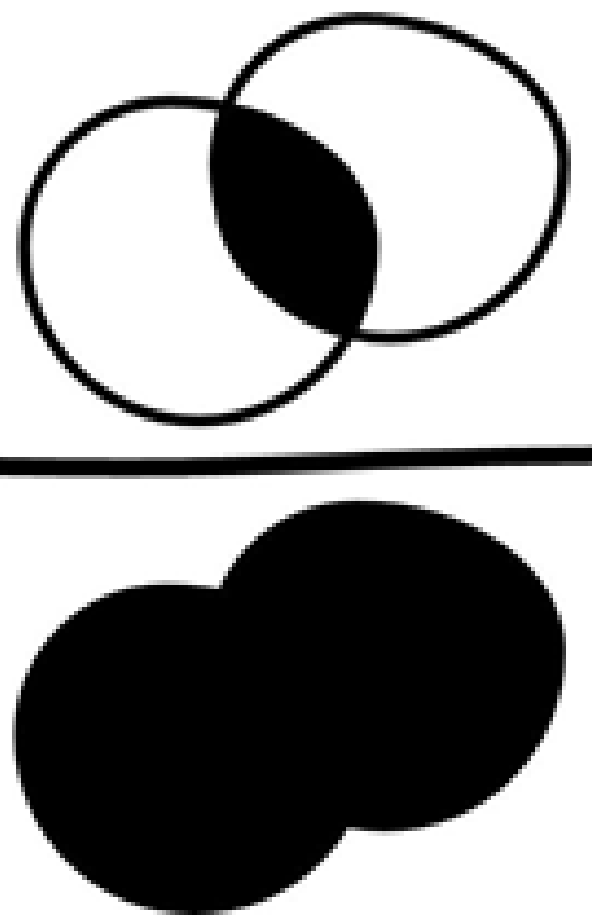


# Analysing Model results

- Compare ECOCLIMAP and Model Prediction with best map we have – CORINE.
- Intersection over Union to compare accuracy of categories.
- Visual Inspection to demonstrate better accuracy.



# Intersection Over Union (IOU)

$$\text{IOU} = \frac{\text{OVERLAP}}{\text{UNION}}$$


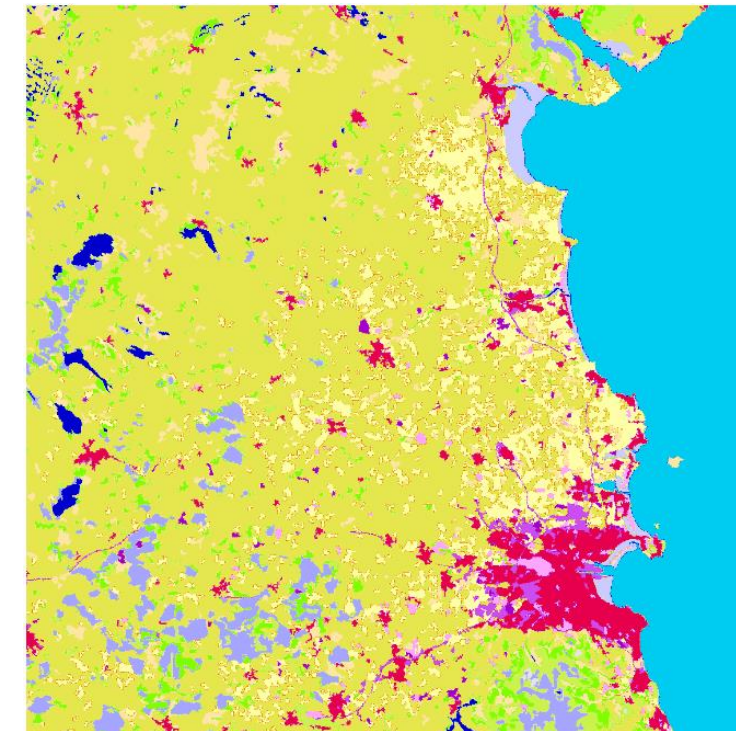
- IOU of 1 – prediction completely correct.
- IOU of 0 – prediction completely incorrect.

# Primary Training Data

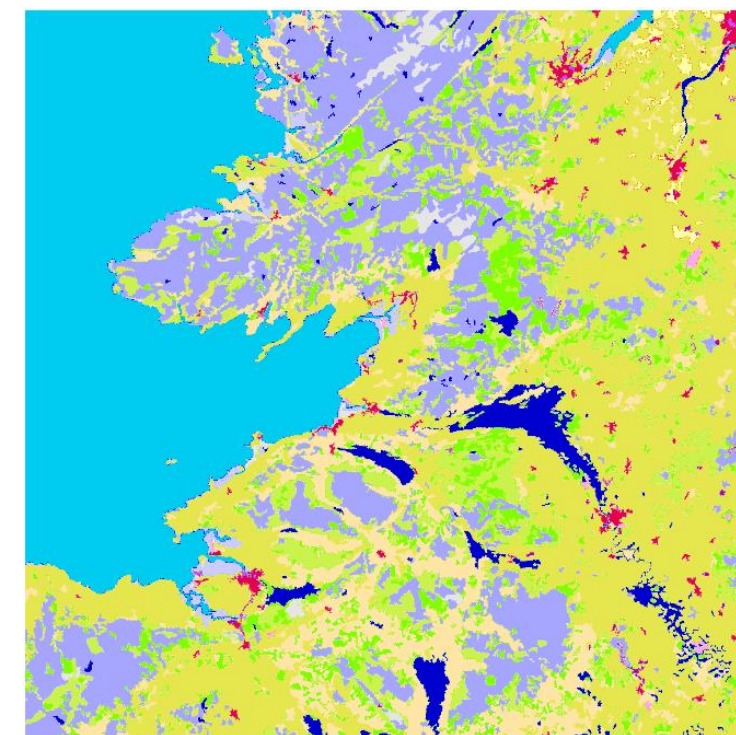
Sentinel-2 Segments

CORINE Segments

Dublin



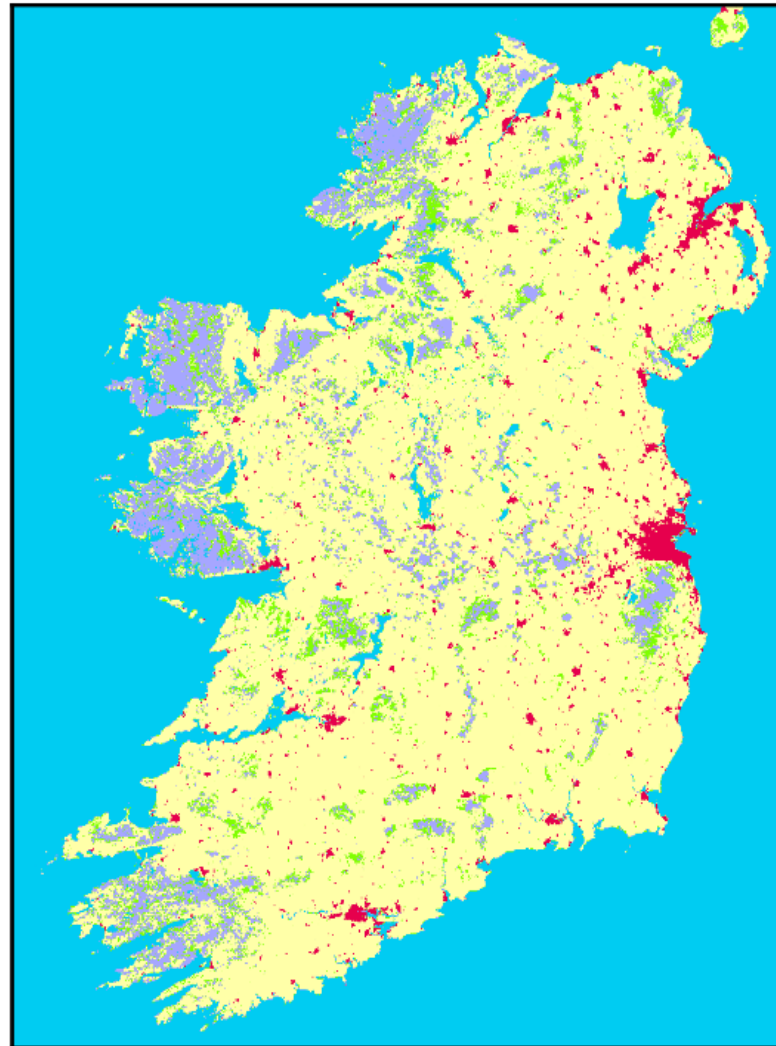
Donegal





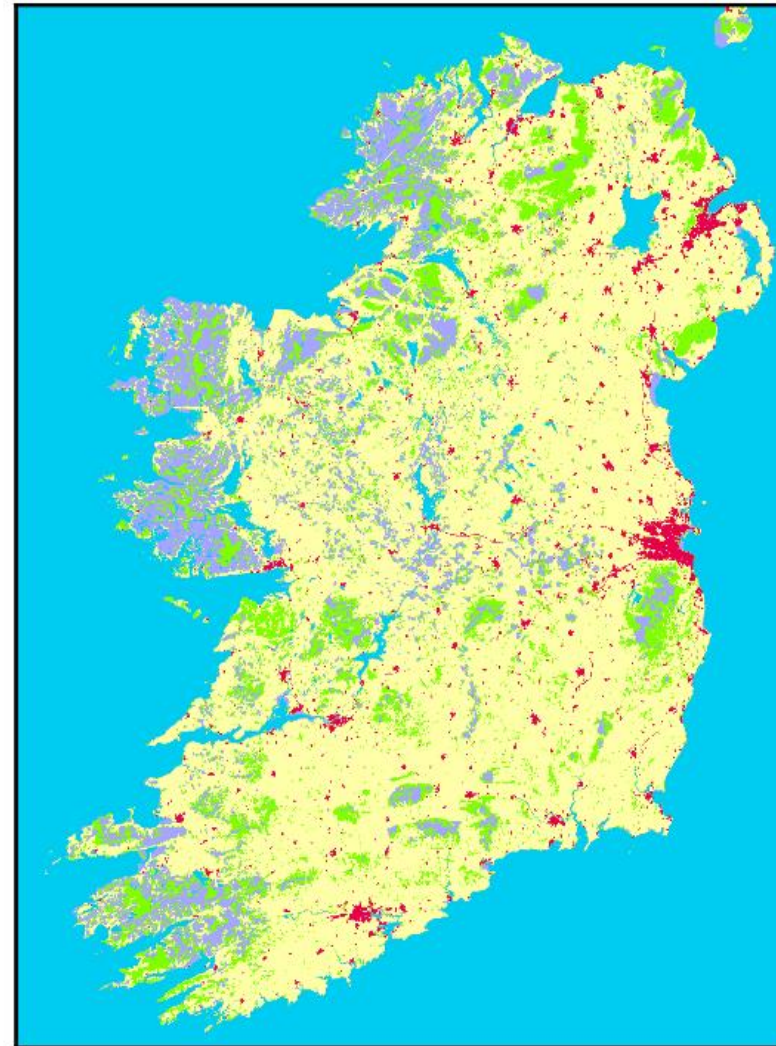
# Primary Results

ECOCLIMAP

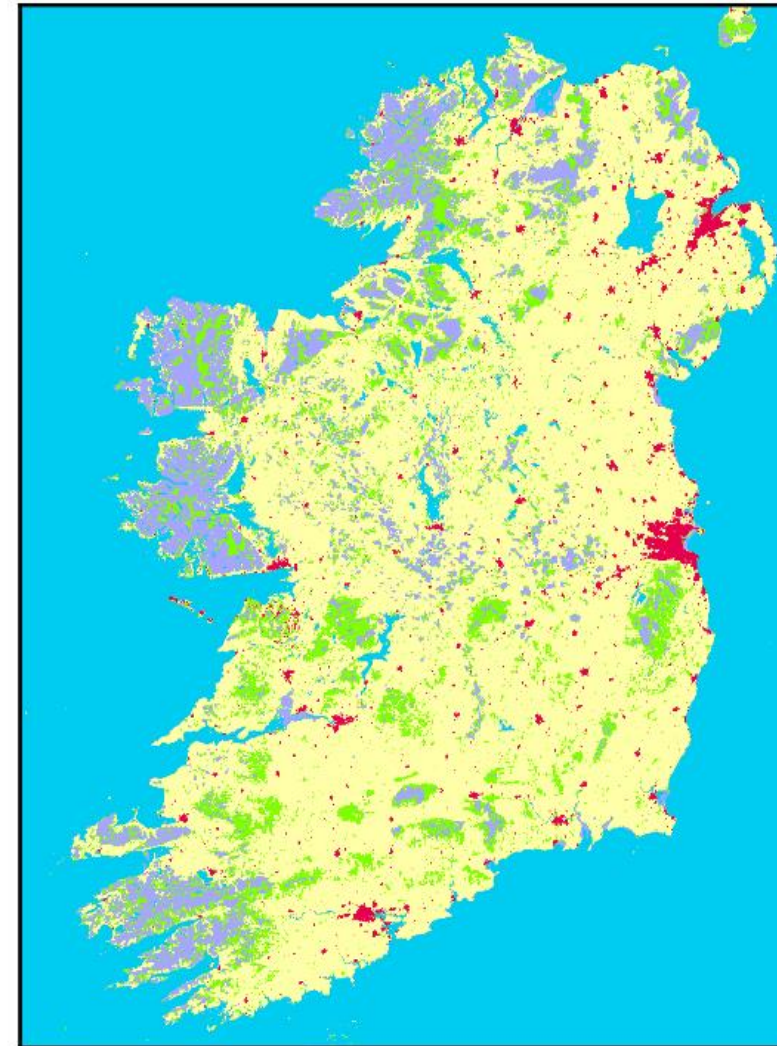


89.8%

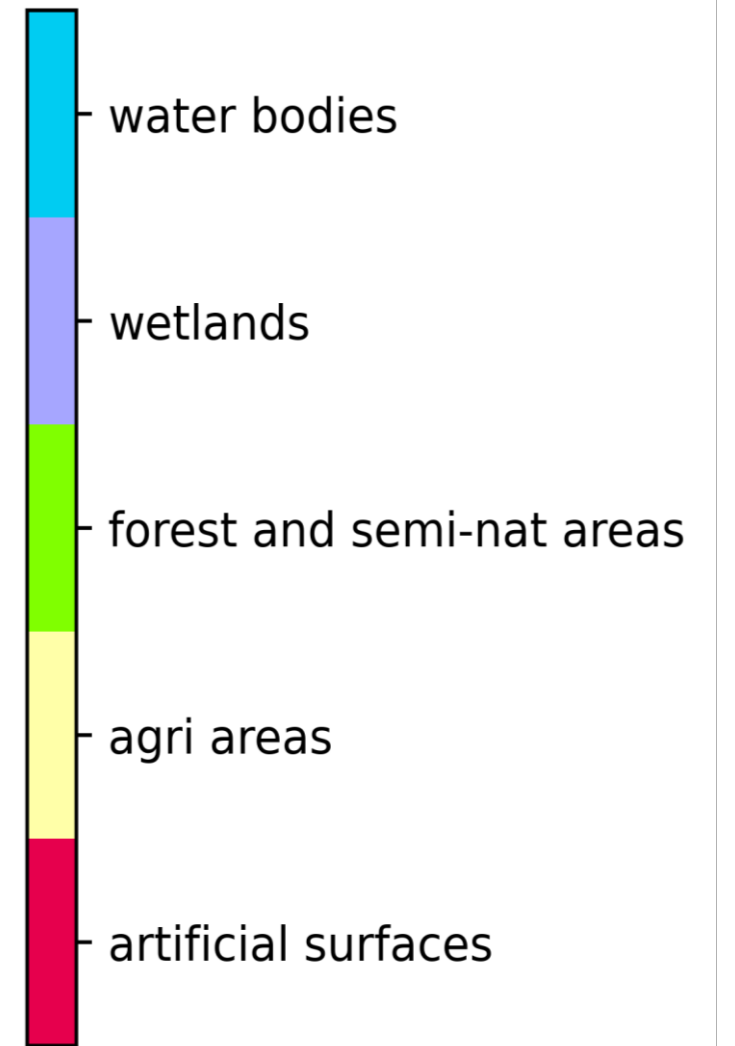
CORINE



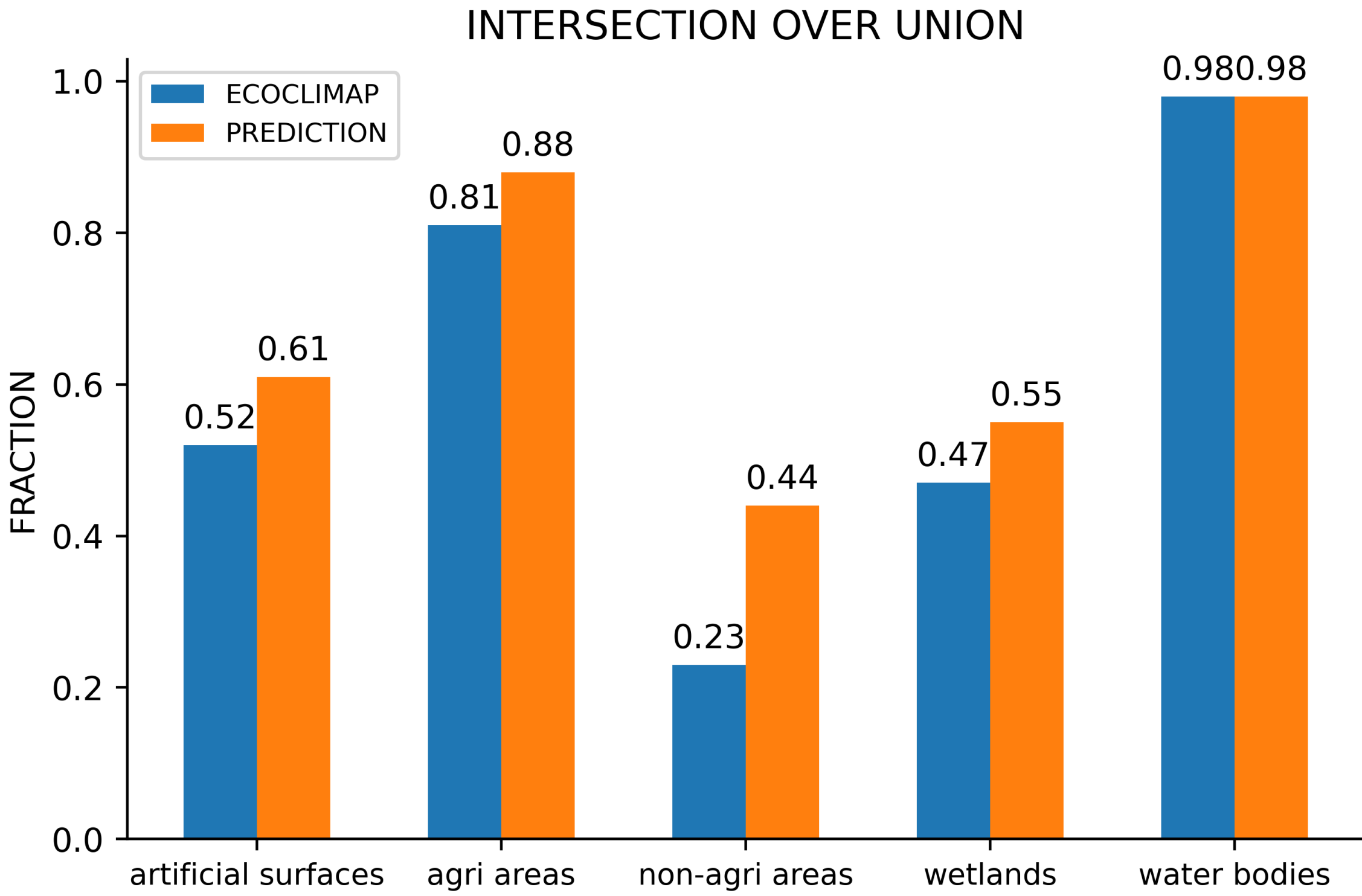
MODEL PREDICTION



92.6%



# Primary Results - Accuracy

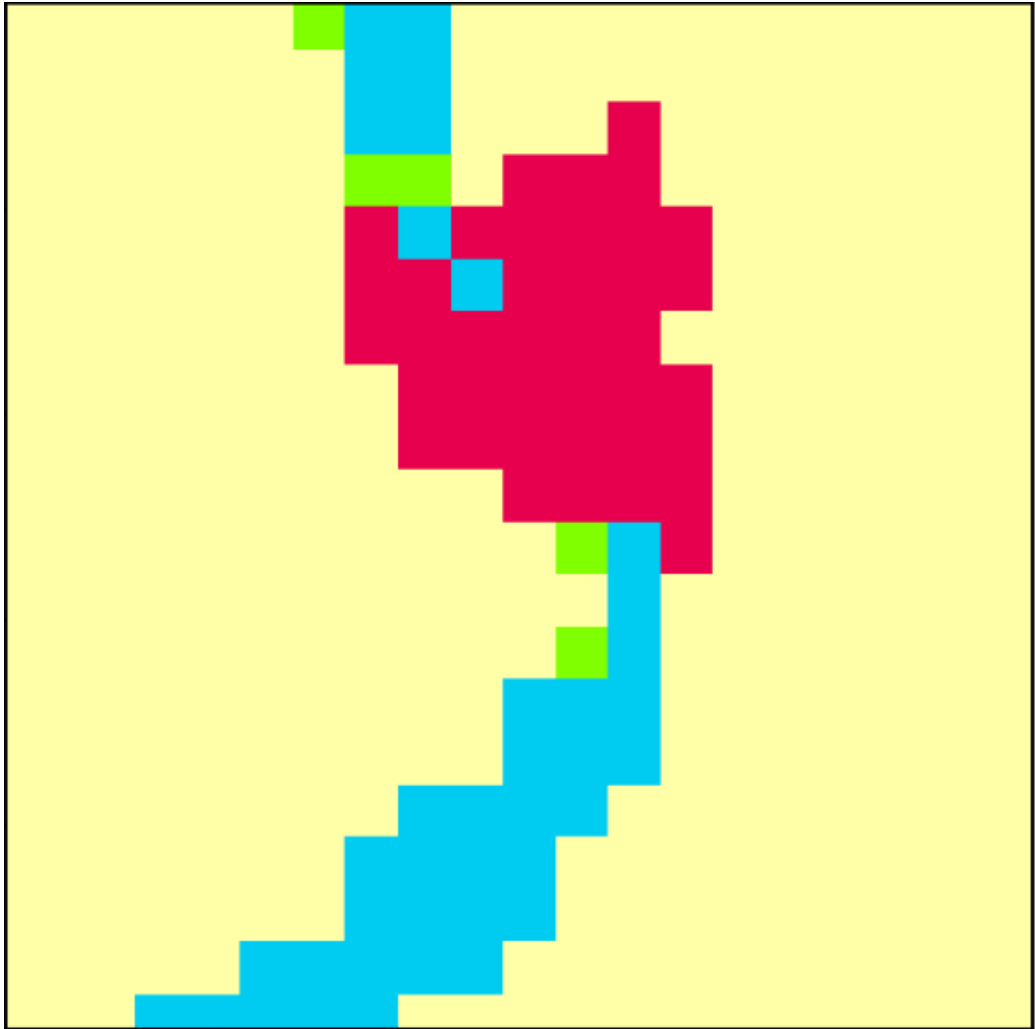




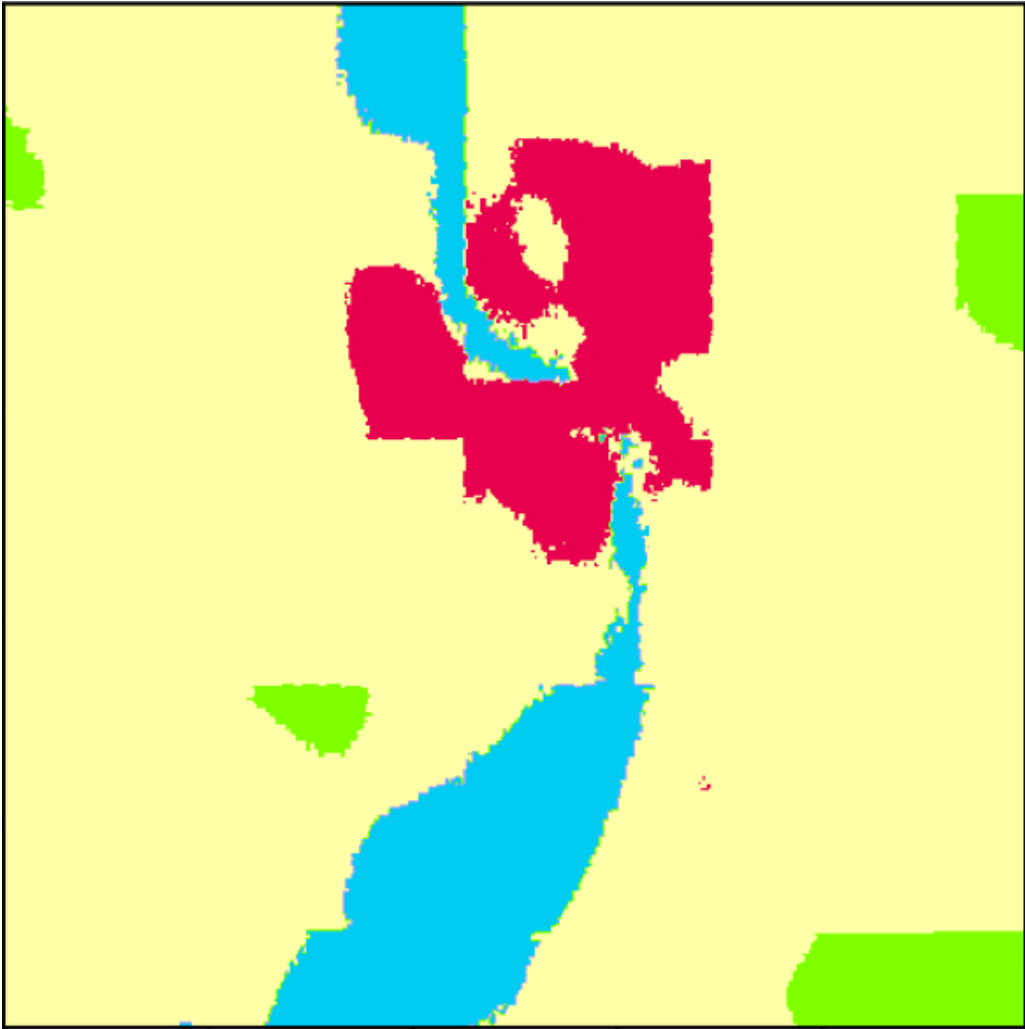
# Primary Results - Resolution



Sentinel-2

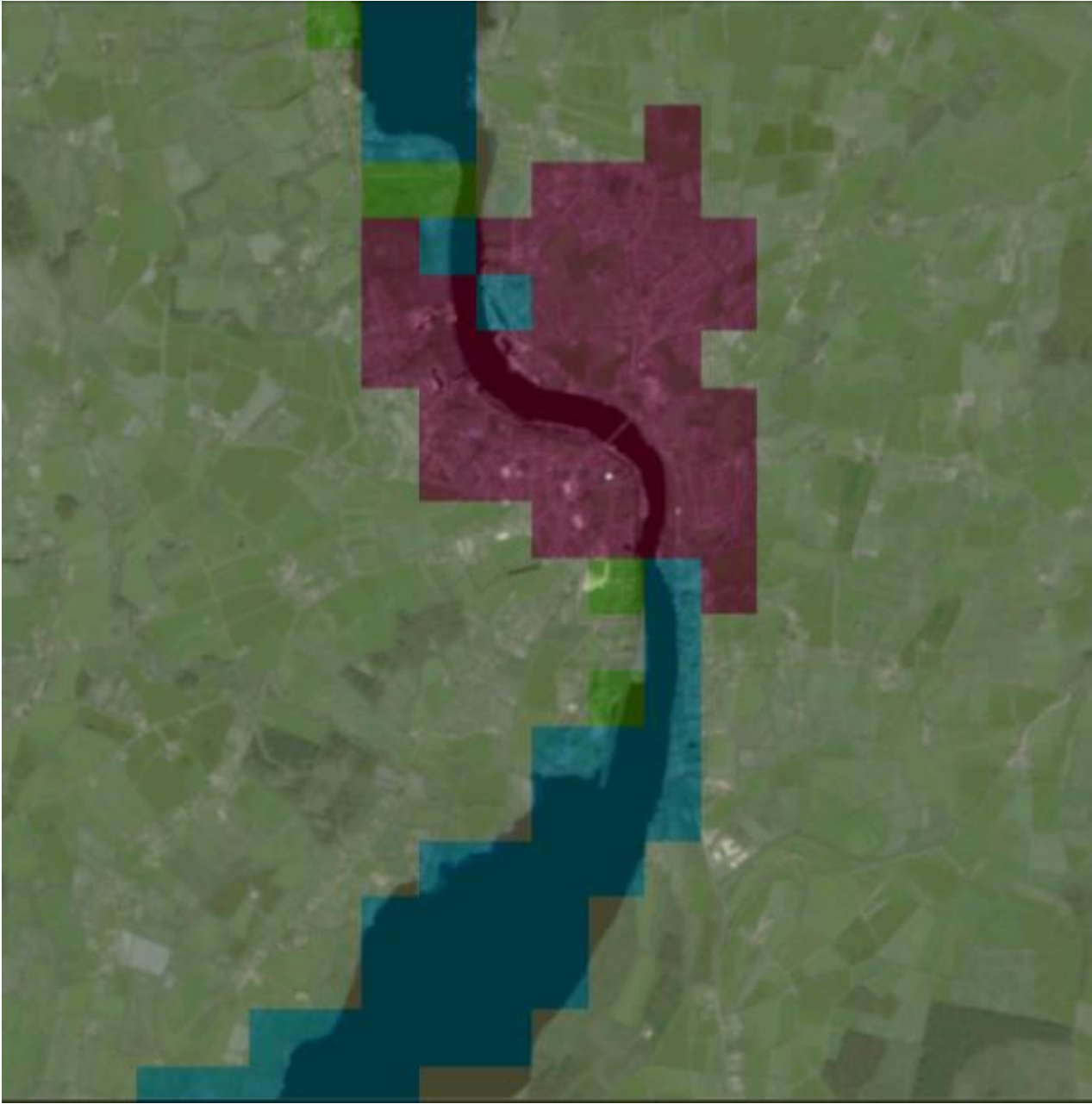


ECOCLIMAP-SG



Model Prediction

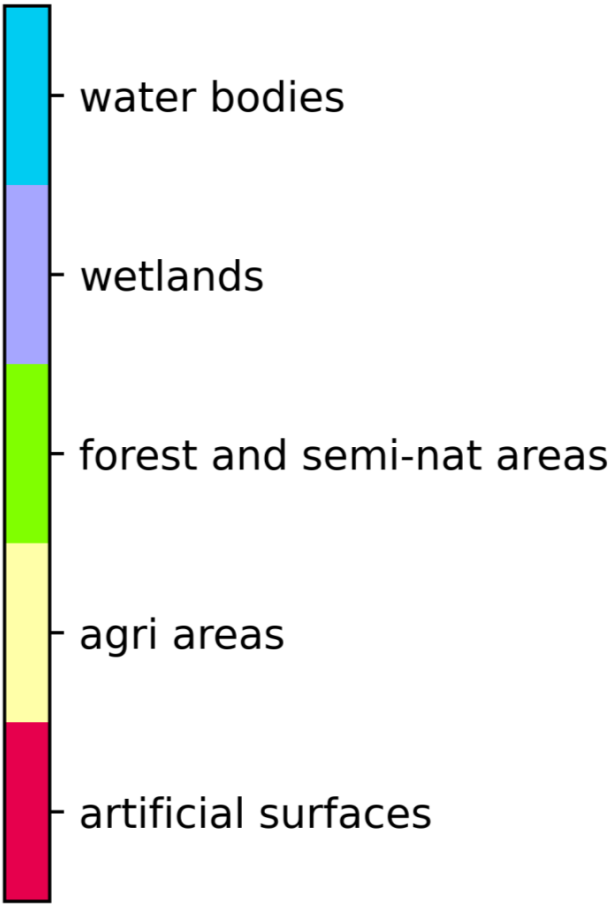
# Primary Results - Resolution



ECOCLIMAP-SG



Model Prediction



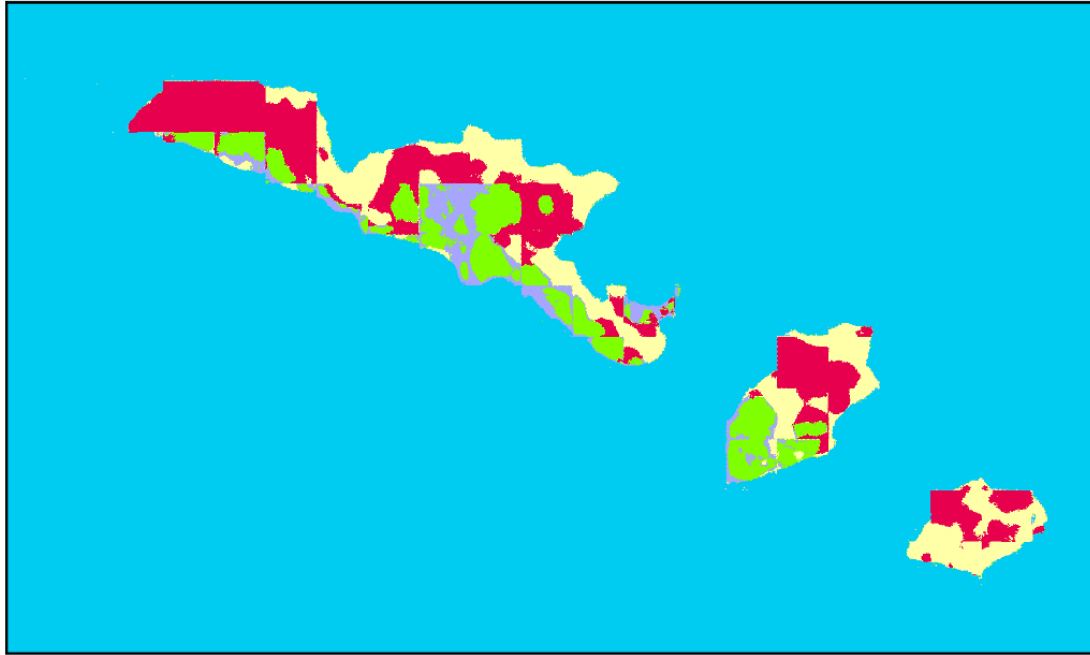


# Interesting Observations

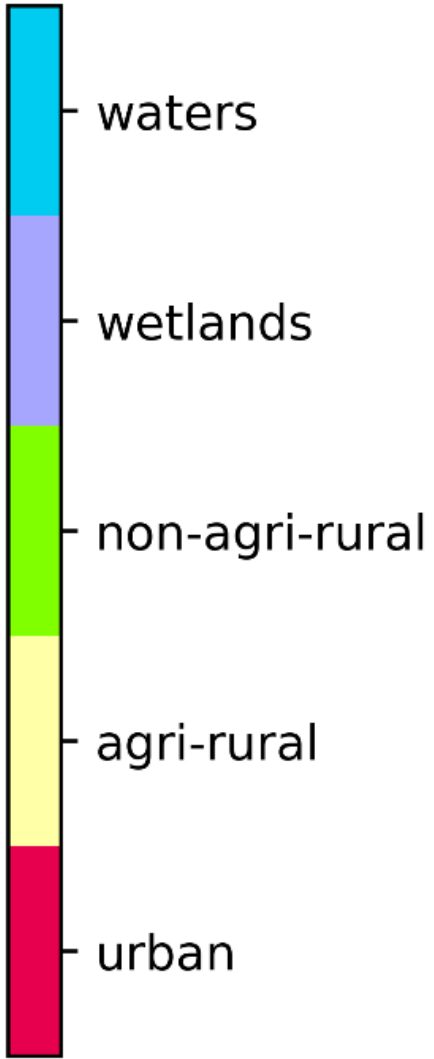
Aran Islands



MODEL PREDICTION



CORINE





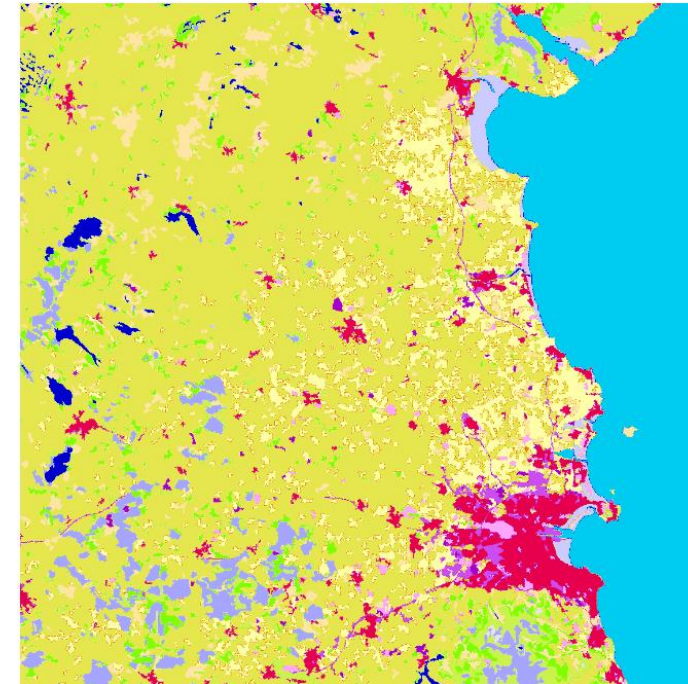
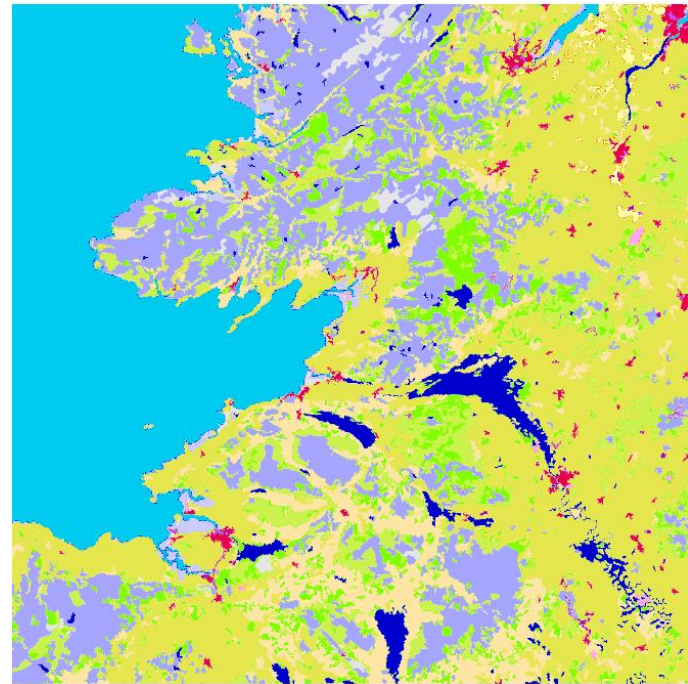
# Secondary Training Data

## Donegal

## Dublin

## Clare

CORINE  
Segments



Sentinel-2  
Segments

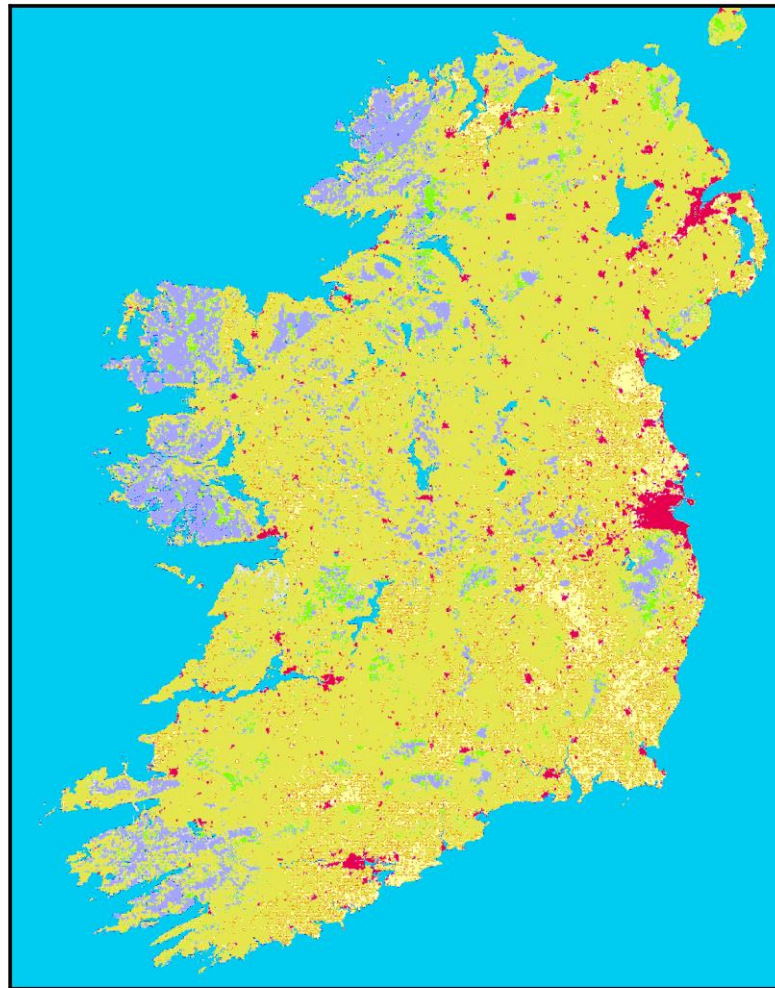




# Secondary Results

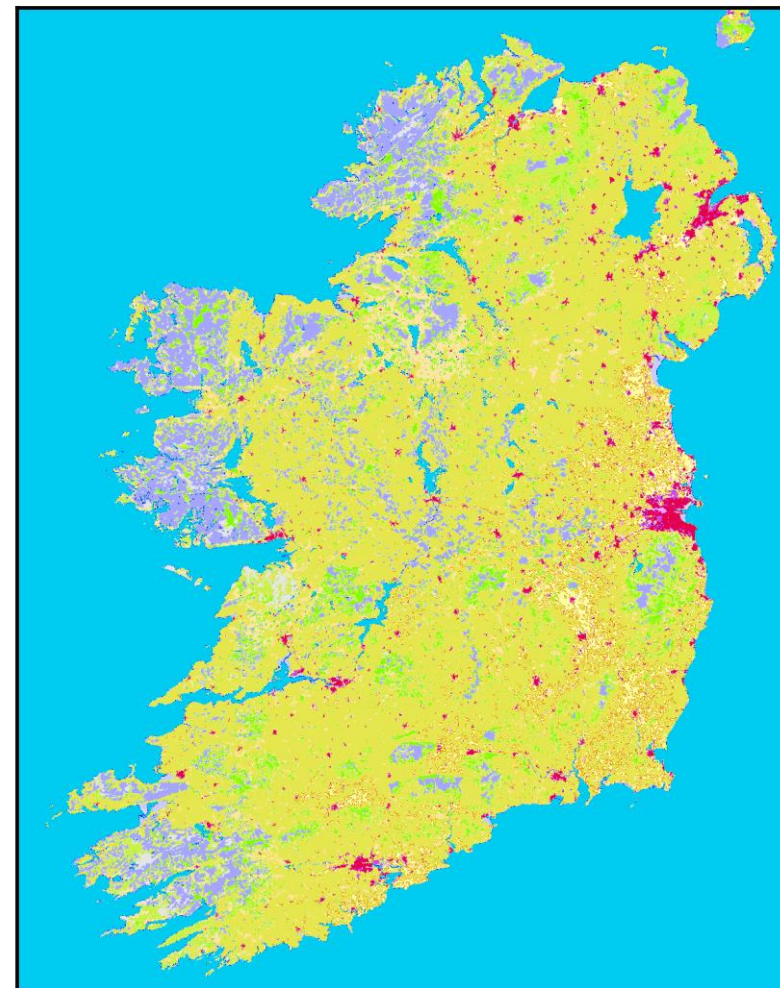


ECOCLIMAP

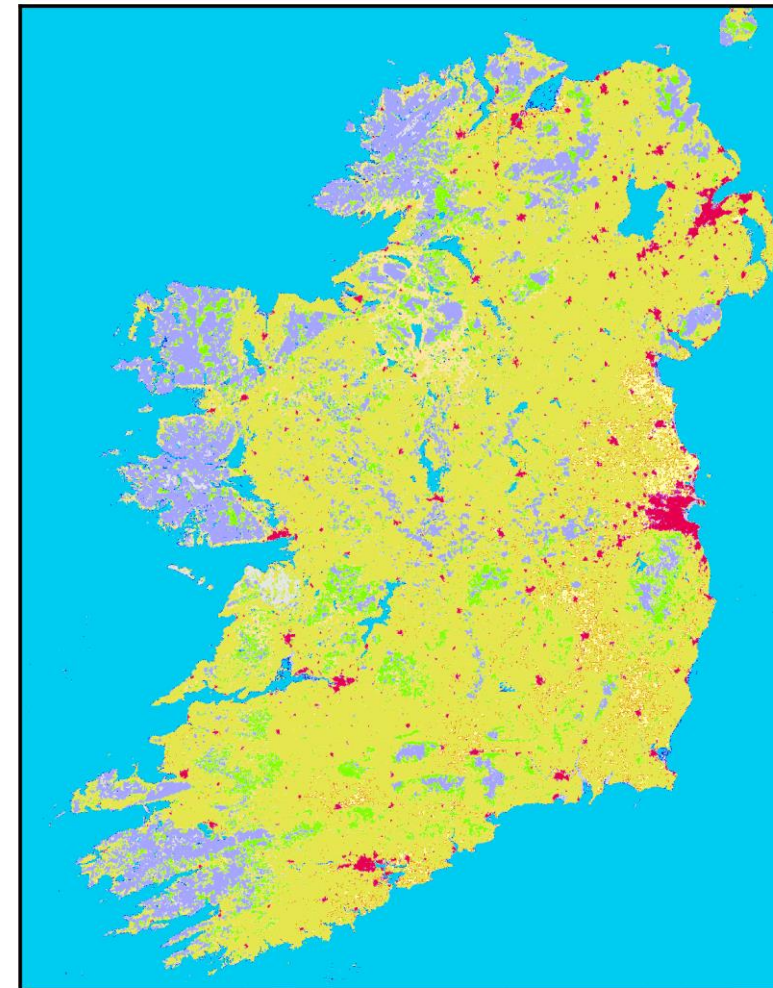


82.4%

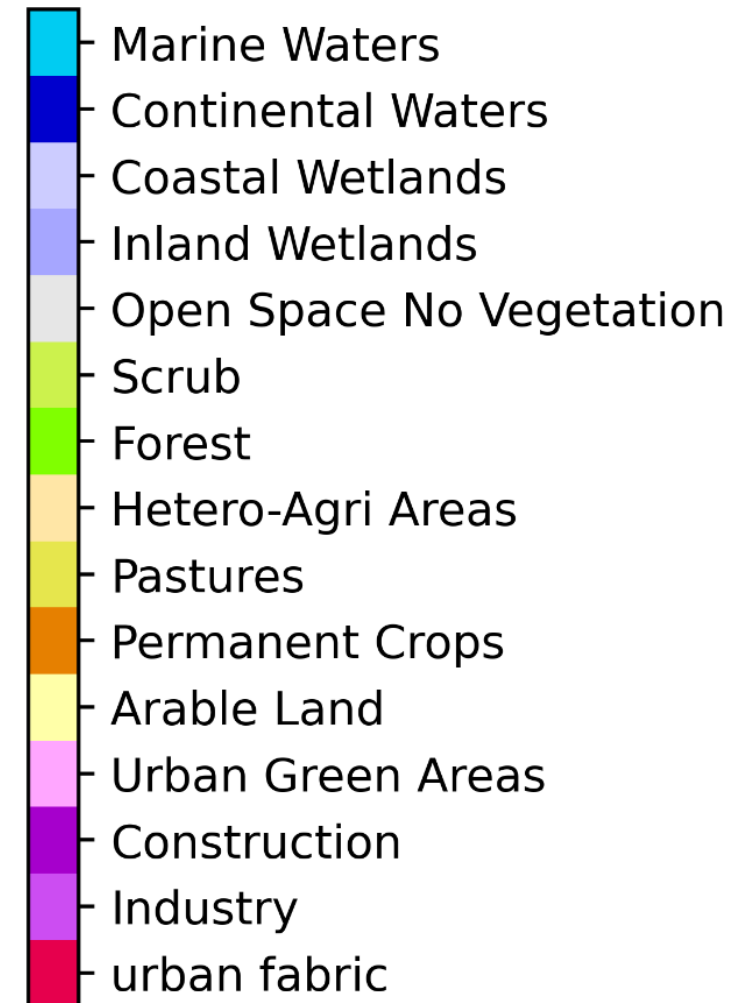
CORINE



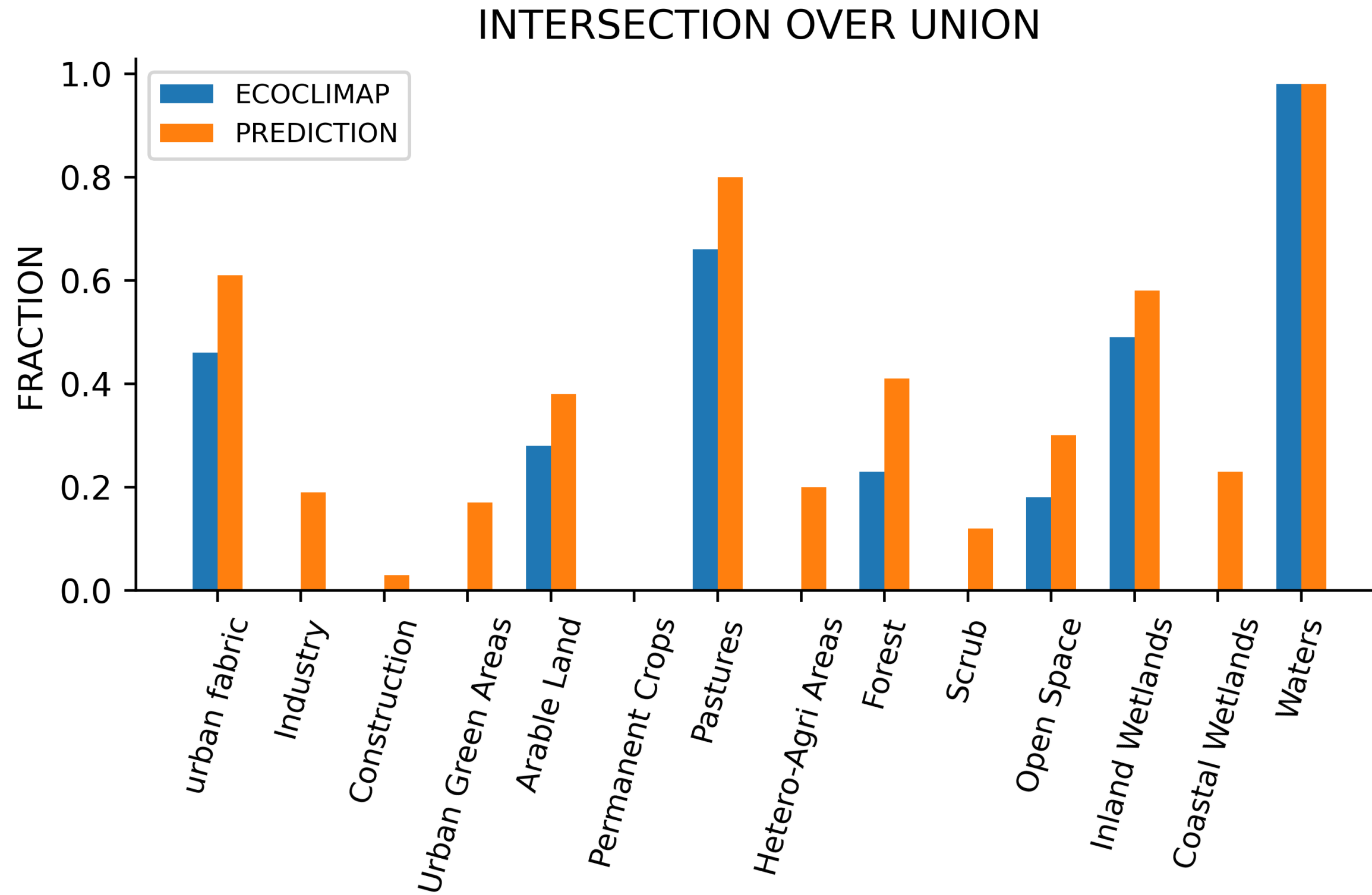
MODEL PREDICTION



87.3%



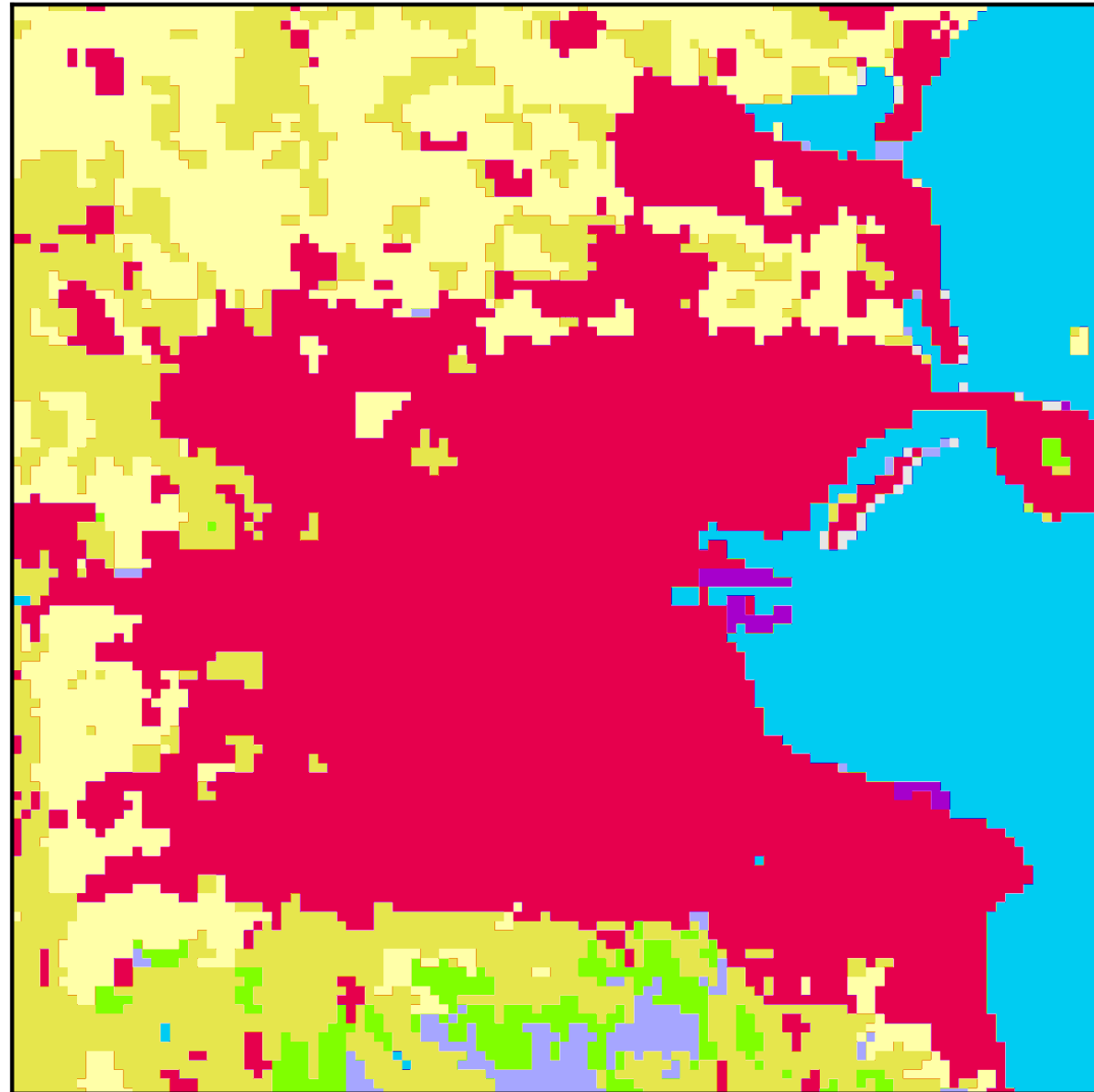
# Secondary Results



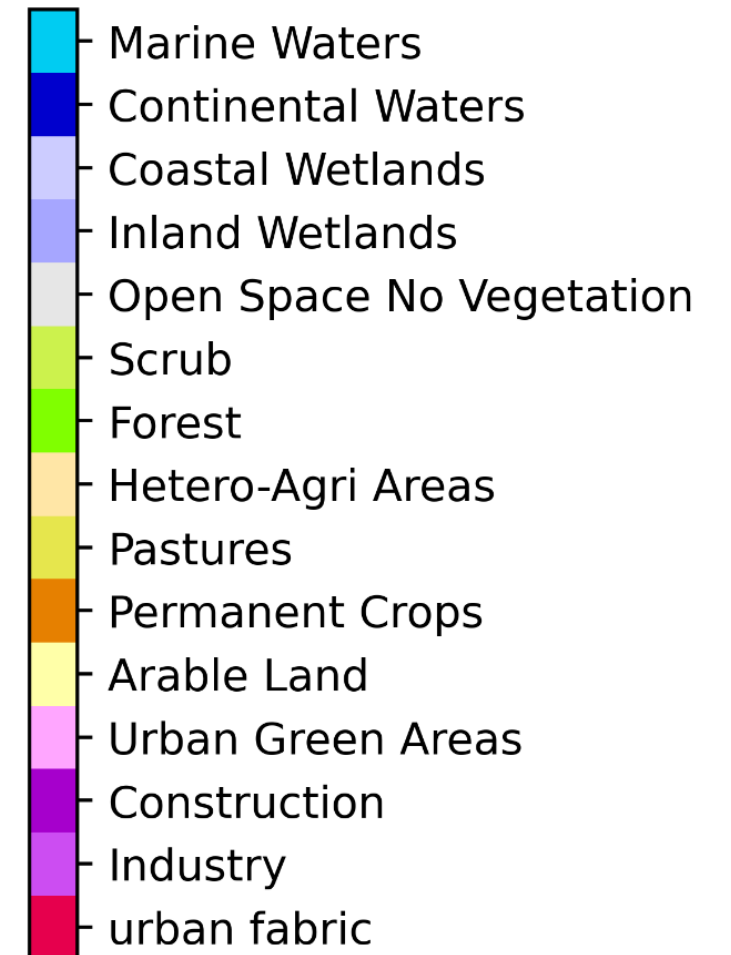
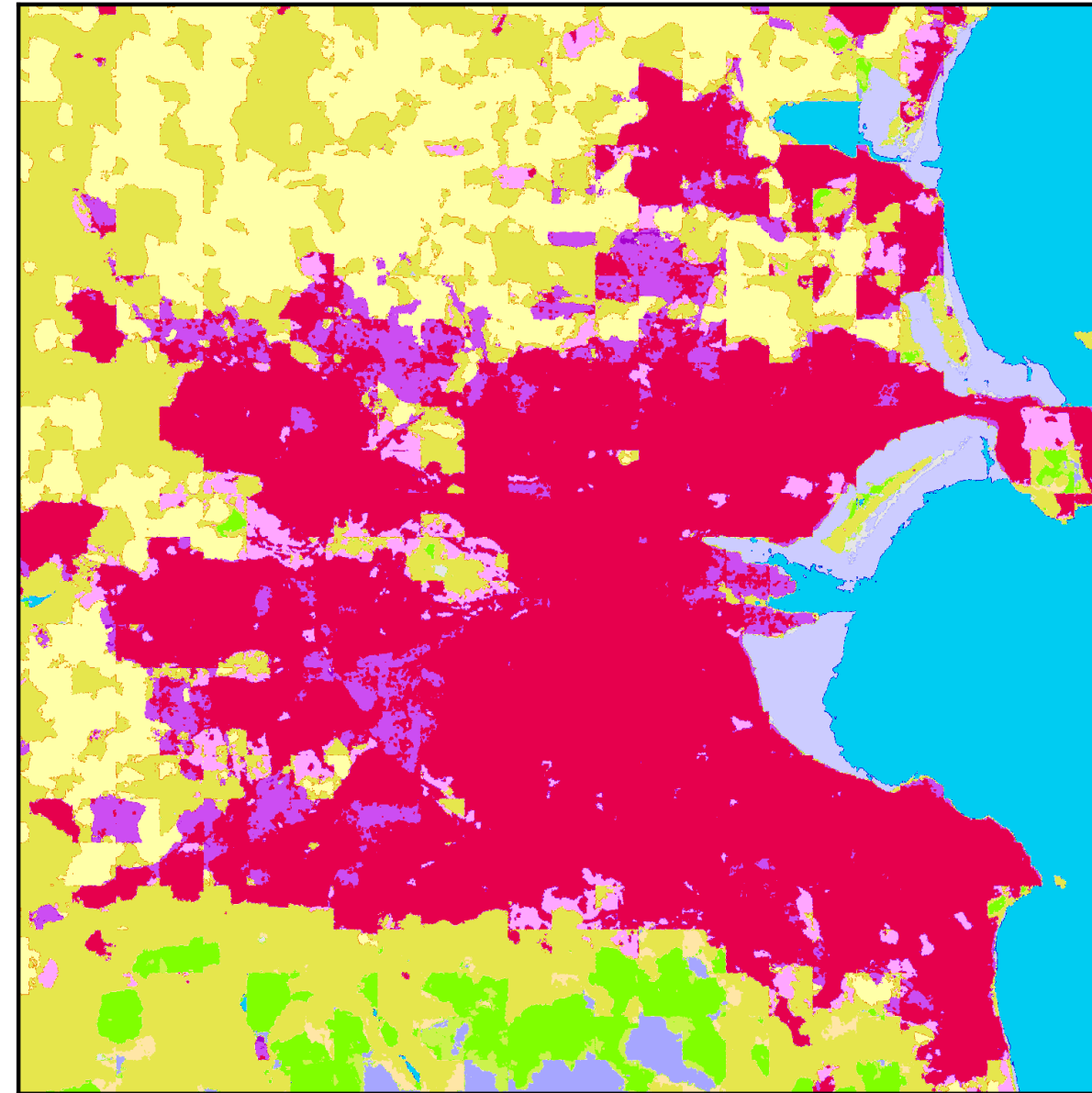


# Dublin

ECOCLIMAP



Model Prediction



# Further Work

- Custom labels.
- More nuanced training data selection.
- Attempt a model trained across multiple jurisdictions.



# Conclusions

- Machine Learning model shows an improved accuracy on ECOCLIMAP-SG.
- Machine Learning model offers a universal method of improving the map.
- Machine Learning shows a viable way of improving the resolution of the map.